

City of St. Helens ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

CITY COUNCIL	Term Expires December 31,
<u>Mayor</u>	
Randall Peterson 715 Maplewood Drive St. Helens, OR 97051	2010
<u>Councilors</u>	
Keith Locke, President 90 Columbia Blvd St. Helens, OR 97051	2012
Douglas Morten 484 Grey Cliff Drive St. Helens, OR 97051	2010
Phillip Barlow 104 N. Vernonia Rd St. Helens, OR 97051	2010
Patrick Martyn 265 South 13 th Street St. Helens, OR 97051	2012

CITY STAFF

Chad Olsen, Administrator

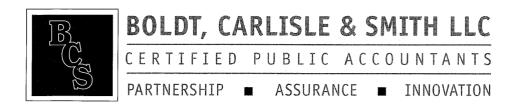
Marilyn L. Peterson, Finance Director

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council CITY OF ST. HELENS St. Helens, Oregon

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of CITY OF ST. HELENS, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the CITY OF ST. HELENS, as of June 30, 2010, the respective changes in financial position, cash flows, where applicable, thereof, and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General, State Tax Street, and Community Development Funds, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated March 13, 2011 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

A

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council CITY OF ST. HELENS St. Helens, Oregon

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (Continued)

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages a through f be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's financial statements as a whole. The combining and individual fund statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the financial statements. The combining and individual fund statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Boldt, Carlisle & Smith, LLC Certified Public Accountants Salem, Oregon March 16, 2011

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Douglas C. Parham, Member

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

Introduction

City of St. Helens' discussion and analysis offers readers of the City's financial statements an overview and analysis of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the basic financial statements (which immediately follow this discussion).

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$47.05 million. Of this amount, \$8.2 million (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- On a government-wide basis, the City's total net assets decreased \$.65 million. Net assets increased \$.58 million from governmental activities and decreased \$1.22 million from business-type activities. The increase in net assets attributed to governmental activities is reflective of cost saving efforts by departments. The decrease in net assets attributed to business type activities reflect the delay in rate increases (four months) combined with an increase in required capital outlays to meet environmental quality standards.
- On a fund basis, the City's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$5.41 million. A \$.57 million decrease from the prior year is primarily the result of the economy.
- The General Fund's financial position declined over last fiscal year. On June 30, 2010, the ending fund balance is \$2.64 million, a decrease of \$.37 million (12.39%) from the previous year. Although revenues increased from the prior year, expenditures still exceeded revenue levels. The unreserved, undesignated fund balance is \$2.39 million, of which \$.63 million has been further designated by City Council for specific programs. The remaining fund balance of \$1.76 million represents 47% of operating revenues and can be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. City Council has designated a minimum undesignated fund balance to reflect no less than 10% of operating expenditures.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The following discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements and other required supplemental information. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components:

- Government-wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements
- Notes to basic financial statements

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements report information about the City as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Assets presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (government activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety and justice, land use and planning, street transportation, library and educational services, parks and recreation, tourism activities, and community housing services. The business-type activities include water system operations, sewer system operations, storm drain operations, and fleet maintenance activities.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements are groupings of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to demonstrate finance-related legal compliance. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: *governmental* or *proprietary*.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Governmental fund's financial statement focuses on the near-term inflows and outflows of expendable resources, as well as on balances of expendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the City's near-term financing requirements. Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of governmental activities financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's long-term financing decisions. The governmental funds' Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and government-wide activities.

Information is presented separately in the governmental funds' Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for the General and State Tax Street Funds. Other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Proprietary funds are maintained in two ways. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for Water Operation Services, Sewer Operation Services, and Storm Drain Services. Internal Services Funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses an internal service fund to account for Fleet Operations. Because these services predominantly benefit business-type rather than governmental activities, they have been included within the business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

The notes to basic financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

Statement of Net Assets (In \$ millions)

	C	overnmen	vernmental Activities Business-type Activities				ctivities	Totals				
	F	2010	*	2009	F	2010	F	2009	*	2010	P	2009
ASSETS												
Current and other assets	\$	6.12	\$	6.73	\$	9.03	\$	9.61	\$	15.14	\$	16.34
Capital assets, net		15.95	_	14.86		28.88		27.33		44.83	_	42.19
Total assets	****	22.06		21.59	_	37.91		36.94		59.97		58.53
LIABILITIES												
Current liabilities		0.44		0.48		1.25		0.95		1.69		1.43
Long-term obligations		0.32		0.38		10.91		9.02		11.23		9.40
Total liabilities		0.76		0.86	-	12.16	_	9.97	_	12.93		10.83
NET ASSETS												
Invested in capital assets,												
net of related debt		15.83		14.69		18.15		18.49		33.98		33.17
Restricted		1.67		1.57		3.17		3.00		4.84		4.57
Unrestricted		3.80	_	4.47	_	4.43		5.48		8.23		9.95
TO TAL NET ASSEIS	\$	21.30	\$	20.72	\$	25.75	\$	26.97	\$	47.05	\$	47.70

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The City's net assets totaled \$47.05 million at June 30, 2010.

The largest portion of the City's net assets represents its investment in capital assets, net of related debt. These assets include current year additions to roads, as well as water operations, sewer, and storm drain infrastructure. These assets are used to provide services to the citizens of our City.

The restricted net assets represent amounts which can be used only for specific purposes as imposed by external authorities or through applicable laws and regulations.

The unrestricted net assets are available to the City to meet its ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Changes in Net Assets (In \$ millions)

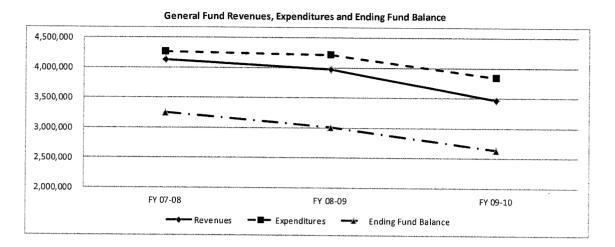
	Government	al Activities	Business-type	e Activities	Totals			
	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009		
Program revenues								
Charges for services	\$ 0.60	\$ 0.66	\$ 5.61	\$ 5.66	\$ 6.21 \$	6.32		
Operating grants and contributions	0.69	1.08	-	-	0.69	1.08		
Capital grants and contributions	0.16	0.12	•	-	0.16	0.12		
General revenues								
Property taxes	1.39	1.50	-	-	1.39	1.50		
Franchise taxes	0.70	0.77	-	-	0.70	0.77		
Transient room taxes	0.07	0.08	-	-	0.07	0.08		
Other grants and contributions	1.65	0.43	-	-	1.65	0.43		
Investment earnings	0.16	0.25	0.04	0.15	0.20	0.40		
Miscellaneous	0.45	0.51	0.80	0.19	1.24	0.70		
Watershed logging	-	-	-	0.26	-	0.26		
Gain on sale of equipment	(0.01)	0.19			(0.01)	0.19		
Total revenues	5.85	5.59	6.45	6.27	12.29	11.85		
Program expenses								
General government	0.70	0.90	-	-	0.70	0.90		
Public safety	2.51	2.66	-	-	2.51	2.66		
Highways and streets	0.91	0.73	-	-	0.91	0.73		
Culture and recreation	1.15	1.03	-	=	1.15	1.03		
Interest on long-term obligations	0.01	0.01	-	-	0.01	0.01		
Water	-	-	3.73	3.83	3.73	3.83		
Sewer		-	3.94	4.35	3.94	4.35		
Total program expenses	5.27	5.34	7.67	8.17	12.94	13.51		
Change in net assets	0.58	0.25	(1.22)	(1.91)	(0.65)	(1.66)		
Net assets - beginning of year	20.72	20.48	26.97	28.88	47.70	49.36		
Net assets - end of year	\$ 21.30	\$ 20.72	\$ 25.75	\$ 26.97	\$ 47.05	47.70		

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on expendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$5.41 million. Approximately 68% of this amount constitutes unreserved and undesignated fund balance which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance \$1.72 million is designated to indicate that it is not available for new spending because of contractual or regulatory requirements that limit usage.

The direction of the City's financial position has weakened during the past year as the City continued to meet existing service levels. While program expenditures has continued to decline through the City's cost savings efforts, revenues also continue to decline at a similar pace.



The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the business-type activities in the Government-wide financial statements. As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's proprietary funds reported a combined unrestricted net asset balance of \$4.39 million. The unrestricted net assets declined by \$1.05 million. This reduction is mostly attributable to a combination of reduction in revenues due to loss of industrial base and deferment of watershed timber harvesting, and an increase in expenditures associated with capital outlays and debt service. The decline in the unrestricted net assets combined with the identified capital infrastructure replacement has resulted in projected multiyear rate increases.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

City Council and staff continue to work hard to moderate the effects of the 2008-09 recession and while maintaining existing service levels. The challenge is balancing the services desired by the public with available revenues. Responding to the declining reserves, operating expenditures were reduced approximately 13% in 2008-09 and an additional 9% in 2009-10. Unfortunately, corresponding reductions in revenues occurred that significantly offset much of the anticipated savings. Council has continued a hiring freeze and will be reassessing other expenditure reduction or revenue enhancement alternatives during the FY 2011-12 budget process. The City continues to maintain minimum operating reserves in excess of the 10% of the operating expenditures policy.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets: Investment in capital assets by the governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2010 was \$44.83 million net of accumulated depreciation. The investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, and system improvements, machinery and equipment and roads.

The major capital asset events during the current fiscal year were as follows:

- Governmental activities:
 - o One Police Vehicle \$17,000
 - o Park Land Acquisition \$10,000
 - o Street Sweeper \$159,570
 - o Milton Creek Pedestrian Bridge -\$213,418
 - o Senior Center Renovation \$1,093,908

- Business-type activities
 - o Elkridge Reservoir \$16,278
 - o Compressed Natural Gas Vehicle conversion \$24,350
 - o Kavanagh Street Sewer Improvement \$46,026
 - o Sanitary Sewer I/I Project \$1,748,109
 - o Sanitary Sewer Lateral Project \$119,620
 - o WWTP Headworks Design \$82,616
 - o Vehicles, Trailers and other equipment \$105,855

Additional information on the City's capital assets may be found in Note 4 to the basic financial statements.

Long-term Debt: At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total debt outstanding of \$11.23 million. Of this amount, \$.32 million is reported in the governmental activities and \$10.44 million is reported in the business-type activities. New debt of \$.77 million was incurred in this fiscal year for Sanitary/Storm Drain System. Additional information on the City's long-term debt may be found in Note 6 to the basic financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

During the preparation of the budget for the ensuing fiscal year, several major assumptions were used:

- Health premium costs would increase 8%
- Wages will increase 2% for all employees for the ensuing fiscal year
- Investment interest rates will be .5-1%
- Assessed values, the basis of property tax revenues, will grow by 3%
- Inflation will occur at 2%

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to:

Jon Ellis
Finance Director/Budget Officer
City of St. Helens
P. O. Box 278
St. Helens, Or 97051
503-366-8227
jellis@ci.st-helens.or.us



STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2010

	Governmental	Business-type	
	Activities	Activities	Totals
ASSETS			
Cash and investments	\$ 5,439,748	\$ 7,491,330	\$ 12,931,078
Receivables, net	650,483	1,441,943	2,092,426
Inventories	47,958	77,912	125,870
Internal balances	(16,254)	16,254	-
Capital assets:	,	ŕ	
Land, improvements and construction in progress	8,382,375	5,370,098	13,752,473
Other capital assets, net	7,563,296	23,512,811	31,076,107
TOTAL ASSETS	22,067,606	37,910,348	59,977,954
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	316,887	847,979	1 164 966
Accrued interest payable	6,505	269,145	1,164,866 275,650
Deposits payable	116,132	135,161	273,630 251,293
Long-term obligations:	110,132	155,101	431,493
Due within one year	240,696	551,565	792,261
Due in more than one year	82,242	10,358,991	10,441,233
2 de minore than one year	02,242	10,336,991	10,441,233
TOTAL LIABILITIES	762,462	12,162,841	12,925,303
NET ASSETS			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	15,818,278	18,168,210	33,986,488
Restricted for:	13,010,270	10,100,210	33,700,400
Capital outlay	1,671,179	2,978,339	4,649,518
Debt service		192,062	192,062
Unrestricted	3,815,687	4,408,896	8,224,583
		1,100,000	
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 21,305,144	\$ 25,747,507	\$ 47,052,651

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

			Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Assets								
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Gr	perating ants and tributions	G ₁	Capital rants and atributions	Governmental Activities		Business- type Activities		Totals
Governmental activities General government Public safety Highways and streets Culture and recreation Interest on long-term obligations	\$ 699,92 2,509,25 909,13 1,145,81	7 285,911 7 - 8 19,447	\$	46,563 22,237 621,292 2,156	\$	143,190 15,534	\$ (358,374) (2,201,109) (144,655) (1,108,681) (6,750)			\$	(358,374) (2,201,109) (144,655) (1,108,681) (6,750)
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES				692,248		158,724	(3,819,569)				(3,819,569)
Business-type activities Water Sewer	3,728,09 3,943,12			-		-		\$	(1,690,267) (370,658)		(1,690,267) (370,658)
TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	7,671,22	6 5,610,301		-		_			(2,060,925)		(2,060,925)
Totals	\$ 12,942,11	1 \$ 6,210,645	\$	692,248	\$	158,724	(3,819,569)		(2,060,925)		(5,880,494)
	Franchise ta Transient ro	es levied for generates ses om taxes					1,385,690 698,077 71,667		- - -		1,385,690 698,077 71,667
	to specific Unrestricted Miscellaneo	investment earnin					1,646,003 159,440 447,209 (7,591)		39,060 797,615		1,646,003 198,500 1,244,824 (7,591)
	, ,	ERAL REVENUES	\$				4,400,495		836,675		5,237,170
	CHANGE IN I	NET ASSETS - BEGINNING					580,926 20,724,218		(1,224,250) 26,971,757		(643,324) 47,695,975
	NET ASSETS						\$ 21,305,144	\$	25,747,507	\$	47,052,651

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2010

		General	Star	te Tax Street		mmunity velopment		Other vernmental Funds		Totals
<u>ASSETS</u>										
Cash and investments	\$	2,728,689	\$	1,893,859	\$	50,095	\$	767,105	\$	5,439,748
Receivables, net		501,475		32,992		94,250		21,766		650,483
Inventories				47,958						47,958
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	3,230,164	\$	1,974,809	<u>\$</u>	144,345	<u>\$</u>	788,871	\$	6,138,189
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	268,694	\$	3,365	\$	29,828	\$	15,000	\$	316,887
Deposits		116,132		-	•	-	•		•	116,132
Deferred revenue	_	204,398		<u>-</u>		80,932		-		285,330
TOTAL LIABILITIES		589,224		3,365		110,760		15,000		718,349
FUND BALANCE										
Reserved for inventories		-		47,958		_		_		47,958
Unreserved, designated for:										ŕ
Capital projects		252,417		1,418,762		-		-		1,671,179
Unreserved, undesignated, reported in:										
General fund		2,388,523		-		-		-		2,388,523
Special revenue funds		-		504,724		33,585		423,871		962,180
Capital projects fund	_			<u>-</u>	-			350,000		350,000
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	_	2,640,940		1,971,444		33,585		773,871		5,419,840
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	3,230,164	\$	1,974,809	\$	144,345	\$	788,871		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds:										15,945,671
Property taxes earned but not available							\$	111,378		
Fines and other receivables earned but not as								173,952		285,330
Internal balances result from transactions betw business-type activities and internal service to	und	s.	ental	activities,						(16,254)
Accrued interest is not due and payable in the cand therefore are not reported in the funds. Long-term obligations, including notes payable		•		.h.l.o. i.o. 4lb.o. o						(6,505)
and therefore are not reported in the funds.	, art	not due and	paya	ioie iii the cur	rent p	erioa				(322,938)
NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIV	/ITI	ES							\$	21,305,144

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

	•	General	State T	ax Street		nmunity	Gov	Other vernmental Funds	Totals
REVENUES									
Property taxes	\$	1,375,599	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,375,599
System development charges		15,534		87,962		-		-	103,496
Franchise fees		698,077		-		-		-	698,077
Licenses, permits and fees		139,942		-		-		119,855	259,797
Fines and forfeitures		258,136		-		-		-	258,136
Transient room tax		-		-		-		72,673	72,673
Intergovernmental		392,064		621,292	1	,208,425		157,096	2,378,877
Interest		155,766		1,268		-		2,406	159,440
Miscellaneous		425,208		13,194		42,416		715	 481,533
TOTAL REVENUES	<u></u>	3,460,326		723,716	1	,250,841		352,745	 5,787,628
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
General government		578,745		-		-		120,149	698,894
Public safety		2,401,065		-		-		62,357	2,463,422
Highways and streets		-		632,867		-		-	632,867
Culture and recreation		776,848		-		42,416		206,663	1,025,927
Debt service		51,839		-		-		-	51,839
Capital outlay	_	17,572		372,988	1	,093,908			 1,484,468
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		3,826,069	1	,005,855	1	,136,324		389,169	 6,357,417
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	_	(365,743)		(282,139)		114,517		(36,424)	 (569,789)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								10.400	10.000
Transfers in		2,406		-		-		10,422	12,828
Transfers out	_	(10,422))					(2,406)	 (12,828)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	_	(8,016))					8,016	 -
Net change in fund balances		(373,759))	(282,139)		114,517		(28,408)	(569,789)
Fund balances at beginning of year	_	3,014,699	2	2,253,583		(80,932)	_	802,279	 5,989,629
Fund balances at end of year	<u>\$</u>	2,640,940	\$ 1	,971,444	\$	33,585	\$	773,871	\$ 5,419,840

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

NET CHANGE IN FUND	BALANCES - TOTAL (GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

\$ (569,789)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because of the following:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets. The difference between these two amounts is:

Capital outlay	\$ 1,493,893	
Depreciation	 (397,228)	1,096,665
Other adjustments and reclassifications of capital assets decrease net assets		
of governmental activities		(7,591)

Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds as follows:

Taxes	10,091	
Fines, forfeitures and grants	6,455	16,546
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds,		

but the repayment reduces long-term obligations in the statement of net assets
Principal payments
42,899

Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Accrued interest	2,190	
Compensated absences	12,091	14,281

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of fleet maintenance to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated between governmental and business-type activities.

(12,085)

CHANGE IN NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

\$ 580,926

GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

Budget Original Final Actual Variance REVENUES Property taxes 1,530,282 \$ 1,530,282 \$ 1,375,599 \$ (154,683) System development charges 20,000 20,000 15,534 (4,466)Franchise fees 775,994 775,994 698,077 (77,917)Licenses and permits 128,550 128,550 139,942 11,392 Fines and forfeitures 278,000 278,000 258,136 (19,864)Assessments 20,000 20,000 (20,000)Intergovernmental 236,040 236,040 392,064 156,024 Interest 162,833 162,833 155,766 (7,067)Miscellaneous Other 113,240 113,240 105,656 (7,584)In lieu of franchise fees 336,975 336,975 319,552 (17,423)TOTAL REVENUES 3,601,914 3,601,914 3,460,326 (141,588)**EXPENDITURES** Administration Personal services 504,503 504,503 488,738 15,765 Materials and services 149,723 149,723 90,007 59,716 Total administration 654,226 654,226 578,745 75,481 Police Personal services 2,180,224 2,180,224 2,087,847 92,377 Materials and services 286,350 286,350 296,218 (9,868)Total police 2,466,574 2,466,574 2,384,065 82,509

GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued)

	t							
EXPENDITURES (continued)	Origina	ıl		Final		Actual	,	Variance
Library								
Personal services	\$ 330	913	\$	330,913	\$	313,365	\$	17,548
Materials and services		,161	*	159,161	•	145,762	•	13,399
			-					
Total library	490	,074		490,074		459,127		30,947
Parks								
Personal services	110	,562		110,562		85,504		4,743
Materials and services	311	,312		311,312		232,217		79,095
Debt service	51	<u>,840</u>		51,840		51,839		1
Total parks	473	,714		473,714		369,560	<u> </u>	83,839
Capital outlay	51	,939		68,939		34,572		34,367
Contingency	774	,159		757,159				757,159
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	4,910	,686		4,910,686		3,826,069		1,064,302
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(1,308	,772)		(1,308,772)		(365,743)		922,714
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		500		500		-		(500)
Transfers in	10	,000		10,000		2,406		(7,594)
Transfers out	(42	,000)		(42,000)		(10,422)		31,578
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(31	<u>,500</u>)		(31,500)		(8,016)		23,484
Net change in fund balance	(1,340	,272)		(1,340,272)		(373,759)		966,513
Fund balance at beginning of year	1,340	,272		1,340,272		3,014,699	-	1,674,427
Fund balance at end of year	\$		\$		\$	2,640,940	\$	2,640,940

STATE TAX STREET - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

		Buc							
		Original		Final		Actual		Variance	
REVENUES									
System development charges	\$	65,000	\$	65,000	\$	87,962	\$	22,962	
Intergovernmental		1,322,372		1,322,372		621,292		(701,080)	
Interest		4,500		4,500		1,268		(3,232)	
Miscellaneous		1,000		1,000		13,194		12,194	
TOTAL REVENUES		1,392,872		1,392,872		723,716	-	(669,156)	
EXPENDITURES									
Personal services		184,152		184,152		178,617		5,535	
Materials and services		1,401,151		1,143,151		454,250		688,901	
Capital outlay		115,000		373,000		372,988		12	
Operating contingencies	NAME OF THE OWNER O	75,000		75,000		_		75,000	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		1,775,303		1,775,303		1,005,855		769,448	
Net change in fund balance		(382,431)		(382,431)		(282,139)		100,292	
Fund balance at beginning of year		382,431		382,431		2,253,583		1,871,152	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	_	\$	-	<u>\$</u>	1,971,444	<u>\$</u>	1,971,444	

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Original and							
	Final							
	Budget	Actual	Variance					
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,200,000	\$ 1,208,425	\$ 8,425					
Miscellaneous	56,822	42,416	(14,406)					
TOTAL REVENUES	1,256,822	1,250,841	(5,981)					
EXPENDITURES								
Materials and services	56,822	42,416	14,406					
Capital outlay	1,200,000	1,093,908	106,092					
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,256,822	1,136,324	120,498					
Net change in fund balance	-	114,517	114,517					
Fund balance at beginning of year		(80,932)	(80,932)					
Fund balance at end of year	\$ -	\$ 33,585	\$ 33,585					

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2010

June	30, 2010			
				Business-
		Enterprise		type Activities
	Water	Sewer	Totals	Internal Service Fund
<u>ASSETS</u>				
CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash and investments	\$ 3,844,733	\$ 3,643,664	\$ 7,488,397	\$ 2,933
Receivables	345,831	1,096,112	1,441,943	_
Inventories	53,163	15,201	68,364	9,548
Total current assets	4,243,727	4,754,977	8,998,704	12,481
Capital assets:				
Land, improvements and construction in progress	956,371	4,413,727	5,370,098	-
Other capital assets, net	16,592,966	6,808,684	23,401,650	111,161
TOTAL ASSETS	21,793,064	15,977,388	37,770,452	123,642
LIABILITIES				
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	44,134	798,847	842,981	4,998
Accrued interest payable	151,921	117,224	269,145	-
Deposits payable	135,161	-	135,161	-
Accumulated unpaid vacation	80,118	115,739	195,857	-
Current portion of long-term obligations	282,292	73,416	355,708	-
Total current liabilities	693,626	1,105,226	1,798,852	4,998
Long-term obligations	6,599,896	3,759,095	10,358,991	-
	-	1061001	10.155.010	4.000
TOTAL LIABILITIES	7,293,522	4,864,321	12,157,843	4,998
NET ASSETS				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	10,667,149	7,389,900	18,057,049	111,161
Restricted for:				
Capital projects	296,983	2,681,356	2,978,339	-
Debt service	-	192,062	192,062	-
Unrestricted	3,535,410	849,749	4,385,159	7,483
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 14,499,542	\$ 11,113,067	25,612,609	\$ 118,644
Amounts reported for business-type activities in the Statement of Internal service funds are used by management to charge the condition individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service in business-type activities in the statement of net assets as it	ost of fleet maintena ervice fund have bee	nce to		
predominately to the enterprise funds. Internal balances result from transactions between the government of the properties of the predominately to the enterprise funds.	nental activities, bus	siness-type	118,644	
activities and internal service funds			16,254	
NET ASSETS OF BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	\$ 25,747,507	:		

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

		Business-type Activities			
	Water	Sewer	Totals	Inter	nal Service
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for services	\$ 1,971,356	\$ 3,473,060	\$ 5,444,416		220,913
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Personal services	1,342,207	1,935,065	3,277,272		170,992
Materials and services	1,184,454	1,478,876	2,663,330		86,191
Depreciation	767,673	356,278	1,123,951		12,312
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	3,294,334	3,770,219	7,064,553		269,495
OPERATING (LOSS)	(1,322,978)	(297,159)	(1,620,137)		(48,582)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Interest earned on investments	25,220	13,840	39,060		-
Miscellaneous	110,270	687,345	797,615		200
Watershed logging	(12,604)	-	(12,604)		-
Interest	(340,140)	(51,747)	(391,887)		_
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(217,254)	649,438	432,184		200
Change in net assets	(1,540,232)	352,279	(1,187,953)		(48,382)
Net assets at beginning of year	16,039,774	10,760,788			167,026
Net assets at end of year	\$14,499,542	\$ 11,113,067			118,644_
Amounts reported for business-type activities in the State are different because of the following: A portion of the net revenue (expense) of the internate to business-type activities	(36,297)	_			
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS OF BUSINESS-TYPE A	\$ (1,224,250)	=			

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

				Business-
				type
				Activities
		Enterprise		Internal
	Water	Sewer	Totals	Service
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Receipts from customers	\$ 2,101,650	\$ 3,600,584	\$ 5,702,234	\$ -
Receipts from interfund services provided	-	-	-	220,132
Payments for interfund services used Payments to suppliers	(66,274)	(99,411)	(165,685)	-
Payments to employees	(1,277,579)	(982,010)	(2,259,589)	(90,116)
	(1,332,839)	(1,925,451)	(3,258,290)	(170,992)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(575,042)	593,712	18,670	(40,976)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds from long-term obligations	-	2,228,658	2,228,658	-
Acquisition of capital assets	(113,017)	(2,572,330)	(2,685,347)	-
Principal paid on long-term obligations	(279,881)	(81,781)	(361,662)	-
Interest paid on long-term obligations	(272,488)	(12,582)	(285,070)	
NET CASH (USED IN) CAPITAL AND RELATED				
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(665,386)	(438,035)	(1,103,421)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Watershed logging - net	(12,604)	_	(12,604)	_
Interest on investments	25,220	13,840	39,060	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	12,616	13,840	26,456	_
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(1,227,812)	169,517	(1,058,295)	(40,976)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year	5,072,545	3,474,147	8,546,692	43,909
Cash and cash equivalents- end of year	\$ 3,844,733	\$ 3,643,664	\$ 7,488,397	\$ 2,933
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	# (1.200.050)	. (207.1.70)		
Operating (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ (1,322,978)	\$ (297,159)	\$ (1,620,137)	\$ (48,582)
Depreciation	767,673	356,278	1,123,951	12,312
Miscellaneous	110,270	687,343	797,613	200
Decrease (increase) in assets		ŕ	,	
Receivables	22,530	(559,819)	(537,289)	_
Prepaid	9,188	11,045	20,233	-
Inventories	11,748	(308)	11,440	(981)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(180,335)	386,718	206,383	(3,925)
Deposits payable	(2,506)	-	(2,506)	-
Accumulated unpaid vacation	9,368	9,614	18,982	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ (575,042)	\$ 593,712	\$ 18,670	\$ (40,976)

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2010

1. Summary of significant accounting policies

A. Organization

The City was chartered in 1889 through an act of the state legislature. In 1903, the City became the Columbia County seat.

Control of the City is vested in its mayor and council members who are elected to office by voters within the City. Administrative functions are delegated to individuals who report to and are responsible to the mayor and council. The chief administrative officer is the City administrator.

The accompanying financial statements present all activities and funds for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. The criteria used in making this determination includes appointment of a voting majority, imposition of will, financial benefit or burden on the primary government and fiscal dependency on the primary government. Based upon the evaluation of this criteria, the City is a primary government with no includable component units.

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The financial statements of the CITY OF ST. HELENS have been prepared in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental entities. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting entity for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting standards.

The basic financial statements include both government-wide and fund based financial statements. Both levels of statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. Governmental activities, which are normally financed through taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements (continued)

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the City's programs. Direct expenses are those that are clearly allocable with a specific function or segment. The City does not allocate indirect expenses. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements and the proprietary funds financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the City receives value without giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On the accrual basis of accounting, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The government-wide statements and proprietary funds have applied all Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions and Accounting Research Bulletins of the Committee on Accounting Procedure issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. The City has elected not to follow FASB pronouncements issued after November 30, 1989.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the functions of the City, the elimination of which would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources, as they are needed.

1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (continued)

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The City considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collected within thirty days after year end. Property taxes and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for claims and judgments, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have been incurred. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds and proceeds from long-term debt are reported as other financing sources.

The bases of accounting described above are in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements display information at the individual fund level. Each fund is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Nonmajor funds are consolidated into a single column within each fund type in the financial section of the basic financial statements and are detailed in the supplemental information.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

- General accounts for the financial operations of the City except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Principal sources of revenue are property taxes, fees, licenses and state apportionments.
- State Tax Street accounts for the City's street and highway maintenance. Principal sources of revenue are motor vehicle fuel taxes.
- Community Development accounts for the City's Community Block Grant funds.

1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (continued)

Fund Financial Statements (continued)

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

- Water accounts for the water system operations. This fund is predominantly self-supported through user charges to customers.
- Sewer accounts for the sewer system operations. This fund is predominantly self-supported through user charges to customers.

The City also includes the following fund types as other governmental funds

Special revenue - accounts for revenue derived from specific taxes or other revenue sources, which are legally restricted to finance particular functions or activities. When a special revenue fund is not an operating fund, transfers are made from the special revenue fund to the operating funds authorized to make expenditures.

Capital projects - accounts for expenditures on major construction projects or equipment acquisition. The principal sources are proceeds from long-term obligations issued to finance capital acquisitions and improvements.

Internal service - accounts for services provided to other departments within the city that benefit from the fund's services.

D. Budget policies and budgetary control

Generally, Oregon Local Budget Law requires annual budgets be adopted for all funds except agency funds. The modified accrual basis of accounting is used for all budgets. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

The City begins its budgeting process by appointing Budget Committee members in the fall of each year. Budget recommendations are developed by management through early spring, with the Budget Committee meeting and approving the budget document in late spring. Public notices of the budget hearing are generally published in May or June and the hearing is held in June. The City adopts the budget, makes appropriations, and declares the tax levy no later than June 30.

Expenditure appropriations may not be legally over-expended, except in the case of grant receipts and bond sale proceeds which could not be reasonably estimated at the time the budget was adopted.

1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

D. <u>Budget policies and budgetary control (continued)</u>

The resolution authorizing appropriations for each fund sets the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations. The City establishes levels of budgetary control at personal services, materials and services, capital outlay, operating contingencies, and debt service for all funds, except the General Fund, where budgetary control is established at the department level.

Budget amounts shown in the basic financial statements have been revised since the original budget amounts were adopted. The City must authorize all appropriation transfers and supplementary budgetary appropriations.

E. <u>Use of estimates</u>

The process of preparing financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the use of estimates and assumptions regarding certain types of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses. Such estimates primarily relate to unsettled transactions and events as of the date of the financial statements. Accordingly, upon settlement, actual results may differ from estimated amounts.

F. Cash and cash equivalents

For purposes of reporting cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, checking, savings and money market accounts and any highly-liquid debt instruments.

G. Receivables

Property taxes are assessed and become a lien on all taxable property as of July 1. Property taxes are levied on November 15. Collection dates are November 15, February 15, and May 15. Discounts are allowed if the amount due is received by November 15 or February 15. Taxes unpaid and outstanding on May 16 are considered delinquent.

Property taxes receivable collected within 60 days subsequent to year-end are considered measurable and available, and are recognized as revenues. All other property taxes receivable are offset by deferred revenue because they are not deemed available to finance operations of the current period.

1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

G. Receivables (continued)

Assessment liens receivable in the General fund are recorded as receivables at the time property owners are assessed for property improvements. The unpaid liens and related interest receivable are offset by deferred revenue and, accordingly, have not been recorded as revenue.

Receivables for federal and state grants, and state, county, and local shared revenue are recorded as revenue in all fund types as earned. No allowance for doubtful accounts is necessary.

Receivables of the Proprietary Funds are recorded as revenue as earned. The allowance for doubtful accounts is established on a specific identification basis.

H. Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out method) or market. Inventories consist of expendable supplies held for consumption.

I. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are charged to expenditures as purchased in the governmental fund statements, and capitalized in the proprietary fund statements. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated assets are recorded at estimated fair value as of the date of the donation.

Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more, and an estimated useful life of greater than five years. Additions or improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset, or that significantly increase the capacity of an asset are capitalized. Other costs for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

Depreciation on exhaustible assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net assets and is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset	<u>Years</u>
Buildings and improvements	25-40
Improvements other than buildings	20-30
Machinery and equipment	5-20
Vehicles	5-15
Infrastructure	25-50

Depreciation is taken in the year the assets are acquired or retired based upon the number of months held. Gains or losses from sales or retirements of capital assets are included in operations of the current period.

1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

J. Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are treated as period costs in the year of issue and are shown as other financing uses.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

K. Compensated absences

1. Sick leave

The City has a policy which permits full-time employees to accumulate unused sick leave at the rate of one day per month up to a maximum of 120 days.

Sick leave, which does not vest, is recognized in funds when leave is taken.

2. Vacation leave

Each employee earns vacation at rates determined by their length of employment. An employee can accumulate a maximum of 600 hours.

Accumulated vested vacation leave is accrued as it is earned. For governmental funds, the non-current portion (the amount estimated to be used in subsequent fiscal years) is maintained separately and represents a reconciling item between the fund-level and government-wide presentations. Only the current portion is reported in the governmental funds, and is calculated based on historical trends. In business-type/enterprise funds, both the current and long-term liabilities are recorded

2. Deposits and investments

The City maintains a pool of cash and investments that are available for use by all funds. Each fund's portion of this pool is displayed on the financial statements as cash and investments. Interest earned on pooled cash and investments is allocated to participating funds based upon their combined cash and investment balances.

2. Deposits and investments (continued)

Investments, including amounts held in pooled cash and investments are stated at fair value. In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 31, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools*, investments with a remaining maturity of more than one year, at the time of purchase are stated at fair value. Fair value is determined at the quoted market price, if available; otherwise the fair value is estimated based on the amount at which the investment could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than a forced liquidation sale. Investments in the State of Oregon Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) are stated at fair value.

The Oregon State Treasury administers the LGIP. The LGIP is an unrated, open-ended, no-load, diversified portfolio offered to any City, political subdivision or public corporation of the state that by law is made the custodian of, or has control of, any fund. The LGIP is commingled with the State's short-term funds. To provide regulatory oversight, the Oregon Legislature established the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board and LGIP investments are approved by the Oregon Investment Council. The fair value of the City's position in the LGIP is the same as the value of the pool shares.

Credit risk: Oregon statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, bankers' acceptances, repurchase agreements, commercial paper rated A-1 by Standard & Poor's Corporation or P-1 by Moody's Commercial Paper Record, and the state treasurer's investment pool.

As of June 30, 2010, the City had the following investments:

	Moody's Rating	Maturities	 Fair Value	
State Treasurer's Investment Pool	N/A	N/A	\$ 2,429,372	*
US Bancorp	AA2	7/29/10	2,902,797	*
General Electric Cap Corp	AA2	9/13/10	457,886	*
General Electric Cap Corp	AA3	2/22/11	978,708	*
Merck & Co Inc	AA2	6/30/11	 1,009,098	*
* Represents 5 percent or more of to	\$ 7,777,861			

2. Deposits and investments (continued)

Interest Rate Risk: The City does not have a formal policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair-value losses arising from increases in interest rates.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The City does not have a formal policy that places a limit on the amount that may be invested in any one insurer.

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments: This is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in the possession of an outside party. The City does not have a policy which limits the amount of investments that can be held by counterparties.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits: This is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned. The Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) provides insurance for the City's deposits with financial institutions up to \$250,000 each for the aggregate of all non-interest bearing accounts and the aggregate of all interest bearing accounts at each institution. Deposits in excess of FDIC coverage with institutions participating in the Oregon Public Funds Collateralization Program are collateralized with securities held by the Federal Home Loan Bank of Seattle in the name of the institution. As of June 30, 2010, \$4,776,964 of the City's bank balances were exposed to custodial credit risk as they were collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's agent but not in the City's name

A.	The City's deposits and investments at June 30, 2010 are as follow	vs:	
	Total investments	\$	7,777,861
	Cash on hand		1,525
	Deposits with financial institutions		5,151,692
	Total deposits and investments	<u>\$</u>	12,931,078
B.	Cash and investments by fund:		
	Governmental activities/funds		
	General	\$	2,728,689
	State Tax Street		1,893,859
	Community Development		50,095
	Other governmental funds		767,105
	Total governmental activities/funds		5,439,748
	Business-type activities		
	Enterprise funds		
	Water		3,844,733
	Sewer		3,643,664
	Total automoriae for de		7 400 207
	Total enterprise funds		7,488,397
	Internal service		2,933
	Total business-type activities		7,491,330
	Total cash and investments	<u>\$</u>	12,931,078

3. Receivables

A. The City's receivables at June 30, 2010 are shown below:

		State	Other							
		Tax	Co	Community Governmental Business-type Activities						
	General	Street	Dev	elopment		Funds	Water	Sewer		Totals
Accounts	\$ 181,231	\$27,992	\$	84,272	\$	-	\$339,322	\$	645,583	\$1,278,400
Grants	3,428	5,000		9,978		21,766	-		-	40,172
Property assessments	4,474	-		-		-	-		448,279	452,753
Property taxes	144,572	-		-		_	-		-	144,572
Interest	74,750	-		-		-	5,669		-	80,419
Other	-	_		-		_	840		2,250	3,090
Fines	1,860,397	-		-		-	-		_	1,860,397
Allowance for doubtful										
accounts	(1,767,377)									(1,767,377)
	\$ 501,475	\$32,992	\$	94,250	<u>\$</u>	21,766	<u>\$345,831</u>	<u>\$</u>	1,096,112	\$2,092,426

3. Receivables (continued)

B. Property taxes

i. Collection procedures

Taxes are levied on July 1 and are payable in three installments due November 15, February 15 and May 15. Columbia County bills and collects property taxes for the City.

ii. Transactions

	_	Balances July 1,		2009-2010			Balances June 30,		
	2009			Levy	Adjustments	(Discounts)	Collections		2010
Current Prior	\$	130,968	\$	1,508,288	\$ (29,930) (35,933)	\$ (36,406) (20,340)	\$ 1,366,345 5,730	\$	75,607 68,965
	\$	130,968	\$	1,508,288	\$ (65,863)	<u>\$ (56,746)</u>	\$ 1,372,075	\$	144,572
Collections received with sixty days of year end in the prior year Collections received with sixty days of year end in the current ye 33,									
<u>\$ 1,375,599</u>									

iii. Ensuing year's levy

The permanent tax rate is \$1.9078 per \$1,000 assessed value as limited by the Constitution of the State of Oregon.

The tax rate limit of \$10.00 per thousand of assessed value imposed by the Oregon Constitution is not expected to affect this levy.

4. Capital assets

A. Transactions for the year ended June 30, 2010 of the governmental activities were as follows:

				Adjustments		
				and		
				Reclassifi-		
	July 01, 2009	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2010		
Capital assets not being depreciated						
Land	\$ 1,815,771	\$ 10,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,825,771	
Right of way	5,259,111	-	-	-	5,259,111	
Library collection	1,297,493	-	· -	-	1,297,493	
Construction in progress	171,713			(171,713)	-	
Total capital assets not being depreciated	8,544,088	10,000		(171,713)	8,382,375	
Capital assets being depreciated						
Buildings and improvements	3,357,412	1,093,907	-	-	4,451,319	
Equipment	1,488,559	176,569	(113,409)	-	1,551,719	
Infrastructure	4,938,563	213,417		171,713	5,323,693	
Total capital assets being depreciated	9,784,534	1,483,893	(113,409)	171,713	11,326,731	
Less accumulated depreciation for						
Buildings and improvements	1,843,417	112,081	==	-	1,955,498	
Equipment	852,538	129,649	(105,818)	-	876,369	
Infrastructure	776,070	155,498		_	931,568	
Total accumulated depreciation	3,472,025	397,228	(105,818)		3,763,435	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	6,312,509	1,086,665	(7,591)	171,713	7,563,296	
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 14,856,597	\$ 1,096,665	\$ (7,591)	\$ -	\$ 15,945,671	

B. Depreciation expense for governmental activities is charged to functions/programs as follows:

General government	\$	3,946
Public safety		70,268
Highways and streets	2	208,528
Culture and recreation	1	114,486
Total governmental activities depreciation		
expense	<u>\$ 3</u>	397,228

4. Capital assets (continued)

C. Transactions for the year ended June 30, 2010 of the <u>business-type activities</u> were as follows:

				Adjustments and Reclassifi-	
	July 1, 2009	Additions	Deletions	cations	June 30, 2010
Capital assets not being depreciated					
Land	\$ 1,006,535	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,006,535
Construction in progress	3,408,686	2,435,623	_	(1,480,746)	4,363,563
Total capital assets not being depreciated	4,415,221	2,435,623	_	(1,480,746)	5,370,098
Capital assets being depreciated					
Buildings and improvements	20,262,550	46,026	-	-	20,308,576
Equipment	5,717,312	146,480	(18,900)	-	5,844,892
Infrastructure	12,343,717			1,480,746	13,824,463
Total capital assets being depreciated	38,323,579	192,506	(18,900)	1,480,746	39,977,931
Less accumulated depreciation					
Buildings and improvements	5,769,758	634,592	-	-	6,404,350
Equipment	2,857,903	266,088	(18,900)	-	3,105,091
Infrastructure	6,720,096	235,583			6,955,679
Total accumulated depreciation	15,347,757	1,136,263	(18,900)		16,465,120
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	22,975,822	(943,757)		1,480,746	23,512,811
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 27,391,043	\$ 1,491,866	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 28,882,909

D. Depreciation expense for business-type activities is charged to functions/programs as follows:

Water	\$	767,673
Sewer		356,278
Depreciation charged to internal service fund		12,312
Total business-type activities depreciation expense	<u>\$1</u>	,136,263

5. Deferred revenue

Resources owned by the City, which are measurable but not available and, therefore are deferred in the fund financial statements, consist of the following:

	 Governme	ntal F	unds	
		Go	Other vernmental	
	 General		Funds	 Totals
Property taxes	\$ 111,378	\$	-	\$ 111,378
Accounts	-		80,932	80,932
Fines - net of allowance for doubtful accounts	 93,020			 93,020
	\$ 204,398	\$	80,932	\$ 285,330

6. Long-term obligations

A. Transactions for the year ended June 30, 2010 of the governmental activities were as follows:

	_	Balances by 1, 2009	A	Additions	Red	uctions		salances e 30, 2010	Du	alances le Within ne Year
Notes: Dahlgren land sale contract, interest at 5.25 percent,										
secured by a deed or trust on land										
Principal Interest	\$	170,292 8,695	\$	- 6,750	\$	42,899 8,940	\$	127,393 6,505	\$	45,151
		178,987		6,750		51,839		133,898		
Accumulated unpaid vacation The City's full-time employees earn vacation at rates determined by their length their length of employment, but must use their										
vacation within 18 months after it is earned		207,636		195,545	2	07,636		195,545		195,545
Total governmental activities long-term obligations		386,623		202,295	2	59,475		329,443	\$	240,696
Accrued interest		8,695		6,750		8,940	<u> </u>	6,505		
Principal	\$	377,928	\$	195,545	\$ 2	50,535	\$	322,938		

B. Transactions for the year ended June 30, 2010 of the <u>business-type activities</u> were as follows:

Loans:	 alances y 1, 2009	A	dditions	Re	ductions_	_	salances e 30, 2010	Du	alances e Within ne Year
Oregon Economic and Community Development									
Department, reference L89007 - due in 20 equal annual installments of \$33,419, including 5 percent									
interest, original amount \$424,930, water and									
sewer revenues pledged									
Principal	\$ 19,269	\$	-	\$	19,269	\$	-		
Interest	 923				923				
	20,192		-		20,192		_		
State of Oregon Department of Environmental						•			
Quality, due in 39 equal semi-annual installments									
of \$41,659.36, including 3 percent interest.									
Original amount authorized \$1,200,000, net									
operating revenues of sewer system pledged									
Principal	419,556		-		71,262		348,294	\$	73,416
Interest	4,139		11,353		12,056		3,436		
	 423,695		11,353		83,318		351,730		

6. Long-term obligations (continued)

B. Transactions for the year ended June 30, 2010 of the <u>business-type activities</u> were as follows (continued):

B. Transactions for the year ended June 30, 2 Loans: (continued)	Balances July 1, 200		Reductions	Balances June 30, 2010	Balances Due Within One Year
Oregon Economic and Community Development Department, reference G04004, due in 25 annual installments, beginning December 1, 2005, including 3.0 to 4.50 percent interest, maximum amount of loan authorized \$4,000,000, net operating revenues of water system pledged Principal Interest	\$ 3,591,4 84,5		\$ 114,655 146,317	\$ 3,476,797 82,429	\$ 120,293
	3,676,0	36 144,162	260,972	3,559,226	
Oregon Economic and Community Development Department, reference S04004, due in 20 annual installments, beginning December 1, 2006, including 3.53 percent interest, maximum amount of loan authorized \$4,000,000, net operating revenues of water system pledged Principal Interest	3,561,8 72,6		156,476 125,734	3,405,390 69,492	161,999
interest	3,634,5		282,210	3,474,882	
State of Oregon Department of Environmental Quality, due in 30 semi-annual installments from date of project completion, including 2.69 percent interest. Maximum amount authorized \$2,053,000, net operating revenues of sewer system pledged Principal Interest	1,255,5	660 765,606 - 113,788	<u>-</u>	2,021,166 113,788	-
	1,255,5	879,394		2,134,954	
State of Oregon Department of Environmental Quality, due in 30 semi-annual installments from date of project completion, including 2.69 percent interest. Maximum amount authorized \$4,000,000, net operating revenues of sewer system pledged Principal		- 1,350,792	-	1,350,792	-
State of Oregon Department of Environmental Quality, due in 10 semi-annual installments from date of project completion, including 1.25 percent interest. Maximum amount authorized \$550,000, net operating revenues of sewer system pledged Principal		- 112,260	_	112,260	-
Accumulated unpaid vacation	176,		176,875	195,857	- 195,857
***	9,186,		823,567	11,179,701	\$ 551,565
Total business-type activities long-term obligations Accrued interest	162,			269,145	
Principal	\$ 9,024,	\$ 2,424,515	\$ 538,537	\$ 10,910,556	=

6. Long-term obligations (continued)

C. Future maturities for governmental activity long-term obligations outstanding as of June 30, 2010 are as follows:

		Dahlgre	en L	and	Accumulated						
Fiscal	Sale Contract					Unpaid	tals				
Year	P	rincipal Interest				Vacation	F	Principal	Interest		
2011	\$	45,151	\$	6,688	\$	195,545	\$	240,696	\$	6,688	
2012		47,522		4,318		-		47,522		4,318	
2013		34,720		1,020				34,720		1,020	
	\$	127,393	\$	12,026	\$	195,545	\$	322,938	\$	12,026	

D. Future maturities for <u>business-type activity</u> long-term obligations outstanding as of June 30, 2010 are as follows.

								Lo	ans						
Fiscal	State of Oregon DEQ OECDD, ref. G04004						OECDD,	ref.	S04004	State of Oregon DEQ ref. R80161					
Year	P	rincipal	I	nterest		Principal_	 Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest
2011	\$	73,416	\$	9,902	\$	120,293	\$ 142,591	\$	161,999	\$	120,210	\$	-	\$	113,788
2012		75,636		7,683		120,953	138,681		167,717		114,492		117,487		54,441
2013		77,922		5,397		126,686	134,448		173,638		108,571		120,669		51,259
2014		80,277		3,042		132,445	130,014		179,767		102,442		123,936		47,991
2015		41,043		616		138,231	125,378		186,113		96,096		127,293		44,635
2016-20		-		_		759,653	547,168		1,033,873		377,171		690,077		169,562
2021-25		-		_		927,895	381,637		1,229,697		181,347		788,716		70,922
2026-30		_				1,150,641	 160,161		272,586	_	9,622		52,988		1,142
	<u>\$</u>	348,294	\$	26,640	\$	3,476,797	\$ 1,760,078	\$	3,405,390	\$	1,109,951	\$	2,021,166	<u>\$</u>	553,740

		L	Accumulated					
Fiscal	State of Orego	on DEQ ref. R06801	State of Oregon	Unpaid	Totals			
Year	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Vacation	Principal	Interest	
2011	\$	- \$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 195,857	\$ 551,565	\$ 386,491	
2012	74,1:	36,000	21,899	1,333	-	577,843	352,630	
2013	76,12	28 34,023	22,169	1,063	-	597,212	334,761	
2014	78,20	31,950	22,447	785	-	617,073	316,224	
2015	80,33	31 29,820	22,730	502	-	595,741	297,047	
2016-20	435,7	58 115,069	23,015	217	-	2,942,376	1,209,187	
2021-25	498,3	36 52,420	-	-	-	3,444,644	686,326	
2026-30	107,8	2,195				1,584,102	173,120	
	\$ 1,350,7	92 \$ 301,477	\$ 112,260	\$ 3,900	\$ 195,857	\$ 10,910,556	\$ 3,755,786	

7. Retirement plan

The City contributes to the Oregon Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS); a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan and the Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP); a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, hybrid pension plan. Both PERS and OPSRP are governed by the Public Employees' Retirement Board (PERB) under the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes 238. PERS provides retirement benefits under a variety of benefit options, as selected by retiring employees, and provides death and disability benefits. OPSRP provides a combination of retirement benefits under a defined benefit plan and an individual account program (IAP), the balance of which will be paid out in either a lump sum or over a 5, 10, 15, or 20 year period. Employees hired on or after August 29, 2003, participate only in OPSRP. Beginning January 1, 2005, active PERS members hired before August 29, 2003, became members of the IAP of OPSRP. These members retain their existing PERS account, however any future member contributions will be placed in the IAP. A copy of the Oregon Public Employees' Retirement System annual financial report may be obtained by writing to Public Employees' Retirement System, P.O. Box 23700, Tigard, OR 97281-3700, by calling (503) 598-7377 or at www.oregon.gov/PERS.

City employees are eligible to participate after completing six months of service. Covered employees are required by state statute to contribute 6 percent of their compensation to the plan. Current law permits the City to pay this amount on behalf of the employees. The City's contribution rate is set by PERB and is periodically adjusted based upon actuarial computations of the amount needed to provide retirement benefits. For employees hired before August 29, 2003, the City's contribution rate is 14.51 percent of covered compensation. For employees hired on or after August 29, 2003, the City's contribution rate is 17.37 percent for police covered compensation and 15.08 percent of covered compensation for all other employees.

The City's contribution to the plan for the years ending June 30, 2010, 2009, and 2008, were equal to the City's required contributions for each year as follows:

	Year Ended	Ended City Member						
_	June 30,	_Co	ontribution Contribution			Totals		
	2010	\$	589,527	\$	251,652	\$	841,179	
	2009		728,038		252,847		980,885	
	2008		705,117		245,717		950,834	

8. Interfund transfers

Interfund transfers during the year ended June 30, 2010 were as follows:

		sfers			
Fund Type		In		Out	
General Other governmental funds	\$	2,406 10,422	\$	10,422 2,406	
	\$	12,828	<u>\$</u>	12,828	

Interest earned in the Water System Improvement Reserve fund (non major) is transferred to the General fund since the interest earnings are not reserved for capital projects.

9. Segment information for Enterprise Funds

The City has issued revenue bonds to finance its water and sewer utilities.

Summary financial information for the water and sewer utilities: CONDENSED STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS	s follows: Water		Sewer	
Assets				
Current assets Capital assets	\$	4,243,727 17,549,337	\$	4,754,977 11,222,411
Total assets		21,793,064		15,977,388
Liabilities				
Current liabilities		693,626		1,219,014
Long-term obligations		6,599,896		3,645,307
Total liabilities		7,293,522		4,864,321
Net assets				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		10,667,149		7,389,900
Restricted		296,983		2,873,418
Unrestricted	_	3,535,410		849,749
Total net assets	<u>\$</u>	14,499,542	<u>\$</u>	11,113,067
CONDENSED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS) \$	1,971,356	\$	3,473,060
Operating revenues (pledged against bonds)	Ф	2,526,661	Φ	3,413,941
Operating expenses (excluding depreciation) Depreciation	_	767,673		356,278
Operating (loss)		(1,322,978)		(297,159)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(217,254)		649,438
Change in net assets		(1,540,232)		352,279
Beginning net assets		16,039,774		10,760,788
Ending net assets	\$	14,499,542	<u>\$</u>	11,113,067
CONDENSED SYSTEM OF CASH FLOWS Net cash provided by (used in)				
Operating activities	\$	(575,042)	\$	593,712
Capital and related financing activities		(665,386)		(438,035)
Investing activities		12,616		13,840
Net increase (decrease) in cash		(1,227,812)		169,517
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year		5,072,545		3,474,147
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	<u>\$</u>	3,844,733	<u>\$</u>	3,643,664

10. Contingencies - accumulated sick leave

Portions of sick leave accumulated at any point in time can be expected to be redeemed before termination of employment; however, such redemptions cannot be reasonably estimated. As of June 30, 2010, City employees had accumulated 2,425 days of sick leave.

11. Risk management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; torts; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City purchases commercial insurance for such risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

12. Restricted net assets

Net assets have been restricted for capital projects due to the City implementing legislation for system development charges:

Govern	nment	activities:

General	\$ 252,417
State tax street	1,418,762
Total governmental activities	<u>\$ 1,671,179</u>
Business-type activities:	
Water	\$ 296,983
Sewer	2,681,356
Total business-type activities	\$ 2,978,339

Net assets of business-type activities have also been restricted as required by a lender as follows:

State of Oregon Department of Environmental	
Quality	\$ 192,062

13. Debt covenants

Net operating revenues, defined as gross operating revenue less operating expenses of the facility, are irrevocably pledged for payment of certain loan obligations. Net operating revenues of the Sewer fund are pledged to the Oregon Department of Environmental Quality Sewer Separation Project loan, as well as the 2003/2004 I&I Correction Projects, the Wastewater I & I Infiltration Reduction loan, and the Wastewater Facilities Planning loan (all of which are not currently in re-payment). Revenues of the Water fund are pledged to the Oregon Economic and Community Development Department loan numbers G04004 and S04004.

In addition to pledged revenues, the Oregon Economic and Community Development Department loan number G04004 and S04004 requires the City to charge rates and fees in connection with operation of the Water system adequate to generate net operating revenues each fiscal year of at least 120% of annual debt service due in the fiscal year. Net operating revenue (loss) for the Water system for the fiscal year was (\$772,559), while 120% of the debt service for the fiscal year was \$654,112.

The Oregon Department of Environmental Quality requires the City to maintain Sewer rates and fees sufficient to generate net operating revenues in each fiscal year of at least 105% of the debt service requirement for the fiscal year. Net operating revenue for the current fiscal year was \$1,308,875, while 105% of the debt service requirement was \$87,483. The City's loans for the 2003/2004 I&I Correction Projects, the Wastewater I & I Infiltration Reduction loan, and the Wastewater Facilities Planning loan also require Sewer rates and fees sufficient to generate net operating revenues in excess of debt service requirements. However, until these loans enter repayment there is not a debt service requirement for the current fiscal year.

14. Expenditures in excess of appropriations

Oregon law prohibits expenditures or expenses of a fund in excess of board-approved appropriations. The City Council approves appropriations by category for each fund.

Expenditures in excess of appropriations were made in the following categories:

Fund/Category	App	propriation	 Actual	Variance		
General Fund						
Police – Material and Services	\$	286,350	\$ 296,218	\$	(9,868)	

15. Commitments

The I&I project for sewer collection system has created contractual commitments. At June 30, 2010 the City is committed to construction services in the amount of \$1,339,817.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2010

]	Special Revenue Funds	Pro Wa Imp	Capital jects Fund ter System provement Reserve	Totals
ASSETS		415 105	Φ.	250.000	 7.77.107
Cash and investments Receivables	\$ 	417,105 21,766	\$	350,000	\$ 767,105 21,766
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	438,871	\$	350,000	\$ 788,871
LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	15,000	\$	-	\$ 15,000
FUND BALANCE Unreserved		423,871		350,000	 773,871
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	438,871	\$	350,000	\$ 788,871

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Capital Projects Fund Special Water System Revenue Improvement Funds Reserve				Totals	
REVENUES						
Licenses and permits	\$	119,855	\$	-	\$	119,855
Transient room tax		72,673		-		72,673
Intergovernmental		157,096		-		157,096
Interest		-		2,406		2,406
Miscellaneous		715		_		715
TOTAL REVENUES		350,339		2,406		352,745
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
General government		120,149		-		120,149
Public safety		62,357		_		62,357
Culture and recreation		206,663				206,663
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		389,169		-		389,169
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(38,830)		2,406		(36,424)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in		10,422		-		10,422
Transfers out		_		(2,406)		(2,406)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		10,422		(2,406)		8,016
Net change in fund balances		(28,408)		-		(28,408)
Fund balances at beginning of year		452,279		350,000		802,279
Fund balances at end of year	\$	423,871	\$	350,000	\$	773,871

COMBINING BALANCE SHEEET SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS June 30, 2010

	Visitors and					te Revenue	
	В	uilding]	Γourism		Sharing	Totals
<u>ASSETS</u>							
Cash and investments	\$	32,954	\$	289,824	\$	94,327	\$ 417,105
Receivables, net				<u>-</u>		21,766	 21,766
						- "	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	32,954	\$	289,824	\$	116,093	\$ 438,871
<u>LIABILITIES</u>							
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	15,000	\$	_	\$	_	15,000
•		,					,
FUND BALANCE							
Unreserved		17,954		289,824		116,093	423,871
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	32,954	\$	289,824	\$	116,093	\$ 438,871
	-		<u> </u>	7-	<u> </u>		

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

REVENUES	<u>F</u>	Building	911	911 Emergency		St. Helens Visitors and Tourism		Visitors and		Visitors and		Visitors and		Visitors and		Visitors and		Visitors and		e Revenue Sharing		Totals
	•		_		_																	
Licenses and permits Transient room tax	\$	119,855	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	119,855												
Intergovernmental		-		-		72,673				72,673												
Miscellaneous		71.5		62,357		-		94,739		157,096												
Miscenaneous		715				-			_	715												
TOTAL REVENUES		120,570		62,357		72,673		94,739		350,339												
EXPENDITURES																						
Current																						
General government		120,149		_		_		_		120,149												
Public safety		_		62,357		_		_		62,357												
Culture and recreation		-		-		81,807		124,856		206,663												
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		120,149		62,357		81,807		124,856		389,169												
			•					12 1,000		505,105												
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		421		-		(9,134)		(30,117)		(38,830)												
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)																						
Transfers in		10,422		-						10,422												
Net change in fund balance		10,843		_		(9,134)		(30,117)		(28,408)												
Fund balance at beginning of year		7,111		_		298,958		146,210		452,279												
		.,1				270,730		170,410		734,419												
Fund balance at end of year	\$	17,954	\$		<u>\$</u>	289,824	\$	116,093	<u>\$</u>	423,871												

BUILDING - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

	 Budget		Actual	Variance		
REVENUES						
Licenses and permits	\$ 108,134	\$	119,855	\$	11,721	
Miscellaneous	 		715		715	
TOTAL REVENUES	 108,134		120,570	·	12,436	
EXPENDITURES						
Personal services	102,884		99,040		3,844	
Materials and services	24,552		21,109		3,443	
Contingency	2,698		-1,105		2,698	
	 				2,000	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	130,134		120,149		9,985	

Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(22,000)		421		22,421	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Proceeds from long-term obligations	10,000		_		(10,000)	
Transfers in	12,000		10,422		(1,578)	
	 				(1,570)	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	22,000		10,422		(11,578)	
` ,			10,122		(11,570)	
Net change in fund balance	_		10,843		10,843	
Fund balance at beginning of year	-		7,111		7,111	
					.,	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 	\$	17,954	\$	17,954	
						

911 EMERGENCY - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Budget	 Actual		Variance
REVENUES Intergovernmental	\$ 68,865	\$ 62,357	\$	(6,508)
EXPENDITURES Materials and services	 68,865	 62,357		6,508
Net change in fund balance Fund balance at beginning of year	 -	 <u>-</u>	-	<u>-</u>
Fund balance at end of year	\$ _	\$ _	\$	-

ST. HELENS VISITORS AND TOURISM - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Budget		Actual		Variance	
REVENUES						
Transient room tax	\$	82,318	\$	72,673	\$	(9,645)
EXPENDITURES						
Materials and services		100,000		81,807		18,193
Contingency		45,000				45,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		145,000		81,807		63,193
Net change in fund balance		(62,682)		(9,134)		53,548
Fund balance at beginning of year		62,682		298,958		236,276
Fund balance at end of year	\$		\$	289,824	\$	289,824

STATE REVENUE SHARING - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Budget	Actual	Variance	
REVENUES	Ф 11 0 040	0.4.500	(17.00)	
Intergovernmental	\$ 112,048	\$ 94,739	\$ (17,309)	
EXPENDITURES				
Other	125,000	124,856	144	
Contingency	143,789		143,789	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	268,789	124,856	143,933	
Net change in fund balance	(156,741)	(30,117)	126,624	
Fund balance at beginning of year	156,741	146,210	(10,531)	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ -	\$ 116,093	\$ 116,093	

WATER SYSTEM IMPROVEMENT RESERVE - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

REVENUES Interest	 Budget	Actual	Variance	
	\$ 10,000	2,406	\$	(7,594)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out	 10,000	2,406		7,594
Net change in fund balance Fund balance at beginning of year	 350,000	350,000		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 350,000	\$ 350,000	\$	-

WATER - ENTERPRISE FUND (A MAJOR FUND) STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

		Budget	Actual	Variance
REVENUES				
Charges for services	\$	2,515,866	\$ 1,971,356	\$ (544,510)
Interest		108,250	25,220	(83,030)
Miscellaneous		112,000	110,270	(1,730)
Watershed logging		305,000	 -	 (305,000)
TOTAL REVENUES		3,041,116	 2,106,846	 (934,270)
EXPENDITURES				
Personal services		1,383,929	1,332,839	51,090
Materials and services		1,579,458	1,196,608	382,850
Capital outlay		755,000	113,467	641,533
Debt service		552,370	552,369	1
Operating contingencies		725,000	 -	 725,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		4,995,757	 3,195,283	 1,800,474
Net change in fund balance		(1,954,641)	(1,088,437)	866,204
Fund balance at beginning of year		1,954,641	 5,152,869	 3,198,228
Fund balance at end of year	\$	_	4,064,432	\$ 4,064,432
Reconciliation to generally accepted accounting p	prin	ciples		
Capital assets, net			17,549,337	
Accrued interest payable			(151,921)	
Accumulated unpaid vacation			(80,118)	
Long-term obligations			 (6,882,188)	
Net assets - ending			\$ 14,499,542	

SEWER - ENTERPRISE FUND (A MAJOR FUND) STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Budget	Actual	Variance	
REVENUES				
Charges for services	\$ 4,917,549	\$ 3,728,795	\$ (1,188,754)	
Grants	2,500,000	-	(2,500,000)	
Interest	58,500	13,840	(44,660)	
Miscellaneous	86,500	334,220	247,720	
TOTAL REVENUES	7,562,549	4,076,855	(3,485,694)	
EXPENDITURES				
Collection sewer services				
Personal services	1,082,308	1,004,640	77,668	
Materials and services	575,282	569,966	5,316	
Capital outlay	9,790,000	2,322,006	7,467,994	
Debt service	265,922	94,363	171,559	
Total collection sewer services	11,713,512	3,990,975	7,722,537	
Secondary sewer service				
Personal services	447,425	419,731	27,694	
Materials and services	1,959,824	361,611	1,598,213	
Total secondary sewer service	2,407,249	781,342	1,625,907	
Primary sewer service				
Personal services	346,061	294,798	51,263	
Materials and services	453,449	435,786	17,663	
Capital outlay	405,000	82,616	322,384	
Total primary sewer service	1,204,510	813,200	391,310	

SEWER - ENTERPRISE FUND (A MAJOR FUND) STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued)

	Budget	Actual	Variance
EXPENDITURES (continued)			
Stormwater sewer services			
Personal services	\$ 237,184	\$ 206,282	\$ 30,902
Materials and services	357,496	367,248	(9,752)
Capital outlay	450,000	167,708	282,292
Total stormwater sewer services	1,044,680	741,238	303,442
Contingency	300,000		300,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	16,669,951	6,326,755	10,343,196
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(9,107,402)	(2,249,900)	6,857,502
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES			
Loan proceeds	7,450,000	2,228,658	(5,221,342)
Net change in fund balance	(1,657,402)	(21,242)	1,636,160
Fund balance at beginning of year	1,657,402	3,624,249	1,966,847
Fund balance at end of year	\$ -	3,603,007	\$ 3,603,007
Reconciliation to generally accepted accounting	principles		
Capital assets, net		11,222,411	
Deferred revenue		353,123	
Accrued interest payable		(117,224)	
Accumulated unpaid vacation		(115,739)	
Long-term obligations		(3,832,511)	
Net assets - ending		\$ 11,113,067	

FLEET MAINTENANCE - INTERNAL SERVICE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

		Budget	Actual	V	ariance
REVENUES					
Charges for interfund services					
Street	\$	55,228	\$ 55,228	\$	-
Water		66,274	66,274		_
Storm drain		11,046	11,046		No.
Sewer		33,137	33,137		-
Secondary sewer		33,137	33,137		_
Primary sewer	1	22,091	 22,091		-
Total charges for interfund services		220,913	220,913		_
Miscellaneous		<u>-</u>	 200		200
TOTAL REVENUES		220,913	 221,113		200
EXPENDITURES					
Personal services		173,483	170,992		2,491
Materials and services		88,037	86,191		1,846
Capital outlay		5,000	_		5,000
Contingency		3,208	 _		3,208
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		269,728	257,183		12,545
Net change in fund balance		(48,815)	(36,070)		12,745
Fund balance at beginning of year		48,815	 43,553		(5,262)
Fund balance at end of year	\$	_	7,483	\$	7,483
Reconciliation to generally accepted accounting Capital assets, net	g principl	es	 111,161		
Net assets - ending			\$ 118,644		

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT REQUIRED BY THE MINIMUM STANDARDS FOR AUDITS OF OREGON MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT REQUIRED BY THE MINIMUM STANDARDS FOR AUDITS OF OREGON MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council CITY OF ST. HELENS St. Helens, Oregon

We have audited the basic financial statements of the CITY OF ST. HELENS as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, and have issued our report thereon dated March 16, 2011. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the CITY OF ST. HELENS' financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-240 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statements amounts. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. As such, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

We performed procedures to the extent we considered necessary to address the required comments and disclosures which included, but were not limited to the following:

- Deposit of public funds with financial institutions (ORS Chapter 295).
- Indebtedness limitations, restrictions and repayment.
- Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294).
- Insurance and fidelity bonds in force or required by law.
- Programs funded from outside sources.
- Highway revenues used for public highways, roads, and streets.
- Authorized investment of surplus funds (ORS Chapter 294).
- Public contracts and purchasing (ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, 279C).

In connection with our testing nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe the City was not in substantial compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-240 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations except as follows:

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT REQUIRED BY THE MINIMUM STANDARDS FOR AUDITS OF OREGON MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS (continued)

The budget was executed in compliance with legal requirements, except that disbursements in excess of appropriations (which is prohibited by ORS 294.435) were made in the following category:

Expenditures in excess of appropriations were made in the following categories:

Fund/Category	_Ap	propriation	 Actual	 ⁷ ariance
General Police – material and services	\$	286,350	\$ 296,218	\$ (9,868)
Sewer Stormwater – materials and service	ees	357,496	367,248	(9,752)

Oregon law prohibits expenditures or expenses of a fund in excess of board-approved appropriations. The City Council approves appropriations by category for each fund.

Internal Control OAR 162-10-0230

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting.

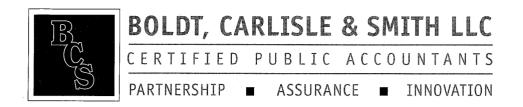
In connection with our audit we have issued a letter to management, as required by statement of auditing standards No. 115, communicating significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal controls.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the board of directors/council members and management of CITY OF ST. HELENS and the Oregon Secretary of State and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these parties.

Boldt, Carlisle & Smith 110

Certified Public Accountants Salem, Oregon March 16, 2011

GRANT COMPLIANCE – SINGLE AUDIT



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council CITY OF ST. HELENS St. Helens, Oregon

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of CITY OF ST. HELENS as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 16, 2011. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as items 2010-1 to 2010-4 to be material weaknesses. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies described in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as items 2010-5 and 2010-6 to be significant deficiencies.

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS (Continued)

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses have been identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses and other deficiencies we consider to be significant deficiencies.

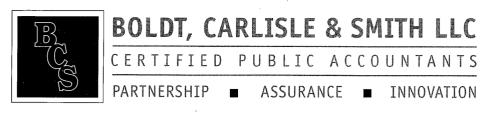
Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended for the information and use of management, City Council, others within the entity, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Boldt, Carlisle & Smith 120

Certified Public Accountants Salem, Oregon March 16, 2011



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS THAT COULD HAVE A DIRECT AND MATERIAL EFFECT ON EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council CITY OF ST. HELENS St. Helens, Oregon

Compliance

We have audited the City's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2010. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Ouestioned Costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, CITY OF ST. HELENS complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2010.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS THAT COULD HAVE A DIRECT AND MATERIAL EFFECT ON EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133 (Continued)

Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of CITY OF ST. HELENS is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, City Council, others within the entity, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Boldt, Carlisle & Smith, 110

Certified Public Accountants Salem, Oregon March 16, 2011

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

Section 1	Summary	of Auditors'	Results

Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee:

Section 1 Summary	of fluctions (results	
Financial Statemen	ts	
Type of auditor's rep	port issued:	Unqualified
Internal controls ove Material weaknes		Yes
Significant deficient to be material we	encies identified that are not considered eakness(es)?	Yes
Noncompliance mate	erial to financial statements noted?	No
Federal awards		
Internal control over Material weakness		No
Significant deficient to be material we	encies identified that are not considered eakness(es)?	None reported
Type of auditor's rep	Unqualified	
Any audit findings di with section 510(a) c	No	
Identification of major	or programs:	
CFDA <u>Number(s)</u>	Name of Federal Program or Cluster	
14.228	Community Development Block Grants	
66.458	Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Funds	
Dollar threshold used	d to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	\$ 300,000

No

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

2010 - 1 Controls over utility billing

Criteria: Controls should be in place to ensure all amounts due the City are timely billed to customers.

Condition: The City's controls did not have procedures in place to ensure that changes for service or new

customer accounts are set up in the billing system timely.

Cause: Customer accounts that are not set up to bill when service is turned on can result in services that are

provided with out revenue. Timely billing of service is necessary for the City to collect service

revenues.

Effect: The City may not collect revenues for all services provided.

Response: We concur that it is important to assure timely billing of all new customer accounts and with staffing

turn over it was discovered that not all accounts were processed timely. Staff has implemented a new protocol in the billing process whereby an exception report is generated that lists all active meters that

do not have a corresponding customer billing address.

2010 - 2 Controls over utility billing payments received.

Criteria: Segregation of duties is an essential component of internal controls to ensure all receipts are recorded,

and applied to customer accounts.

Condition: The City's controls allowed the same individuals who collected customer receipts to apply payments

and adjustments to customer accounts.

Cause: Cash receipting is performed by the same employees that have access to post payments and

adjustments to the customer accounts.

Effect: Employees have the opportunity to divert payments for utility bills and issue a credit to a customer

account.

Response: We concur that providing segregation of duties is a key component to internal controls and

safeguarding of City assets. We will be enhancing the current process that requires the Utility Billing Specialist to prepare documentation of all adjustments for the Finance Director to sign off and then require the Accounting Assistant to enter (controlled through Springbrook security application).

2010 - 3 Check signing policy

Criteria: Controls over manual checks should have procedures to ensure compliance with the dual signature

policy.

Condition: Manual checks can be signed by a signature stamp that is also the control of an employee that has

second signature authority.

Cause: There is not in actual control to provide dual signatures, because both signatures are applied by the

same person.

Effect: The City's policy of having dual signatures is circumvented and control is solely under one person.

Response: Manually processed checks are only issued in emergency situations and only when the limited number

of staff that has the ability to process system checks is unavailable. Staff will further limit access to check stock (reference 2010-4 response), and change the custodian of the signature stamp to one that

does not have check signing authorization.

2010 - 4 Identification of accrued expenses.

Criteria: The City should have procedures in place to identify all expenditures for a fiscal year including those

paid in the subsequent fiscal year.

Condition: Expenditures for construction invoices were incurred prior to the end of the year but invoices were

received subsequent to year end and not identified for accrual.

Cause: The City's process for identifying expenditures to accrue did not capture the invoices related to the

construction activities in progress at the end of the fiscal year.

Effect: Expenditures were understated.

Response: The City will provide additional training to staff to assure expenditures will be processed in the

appropriate year in which the services were provided. The year-end process will be further

documented and disseminated to all staff handling the processing and approval of invoices to assure

understanding and compliance.

2010 -5 Safeguarding check stock

Criteria: The check stock of the City and the printing of checks should be safeguarded to prevent unauthorized

uses.

Condition: The check stock is stored in an area that is accessible to employees other than employees responsible

for creating payments. There is not password security on the software used to print checks.

Cause: Checks are printed with signatures from the accounts payable software and employees have access to

both the check stock and the computer program to create checks.

Effect: An employee could create an unauthorized check complete with signature without the knowledge of

the finance department.

Response: Currently the only authorized personnel that can run the check printing program in Springbrook's

accounts payable program are the Finance Director and two Accounting Assistants. We concur that the check stock (preprinted checks for manual processing and the blank paper stock used for system printed checks) should be locked up and a control log kept limiting and monitoring access. We are in the process of purchasing a fire proof/safe filing cabinet that can only be accessed by the two Utility

Billing Specialists. They will be the main custodian of the checks and applicable control log.

2010 - 6 Recording of public City Council Meetings

Criteria: The City is required to keep an accurate record of council proceedings.

Condition: The City had not prepared minutes for many of the work sessions or Council meetings during the fiscal

year when we arrived to conduct the audit.

Cause: The City had not transcribed the recording of the meetings to minutes to create a record of the

meetings.

Effect: Without a timely transcription of the recording of the meetings it is less likely that an accurate record

will be maintained of the meeting.

Response: The back log in transcribing was the result in staffing turnover/shortage. The front office is

now fully staffed and has made transcribing a priority.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Federal CFDA Number	Expenditures
DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT		
Office of Community Planning and Development	<u> </u>	
Passed through Oregon Economic and Community Development		
Community Development Block Grant	14.228	\$ 800,000
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR		
Passed through Oregon State Marine Board		
Clean Vessel Act (CVA)	15.616	525
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE		
Recovery Act Edward Byrne Memorial Justice	 16.804	27,931
Passed through Tillamook County		•
Recovery Act Edward Byrne Memorial Justice	16.804	26,239
Total Recovery Act Edward Byrne Memorial Justice		54,170
ENVIROMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY		
Office of Water		
Passed through Oregon Department of Environmental Quality		
Capitalization Grant for Clean Water State Revovling Funds		
ARRA Wastewater Inflow and Infiltration Reduction	66.458	2,805,638
TOTAL FEDERAL EXPNDITURES		\$ 3,660,333

NOTE TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is a summary of the City's federal award programs presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.