

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

CITY COUNCIL	Term Expires December 31,
<u>Mayor</u>	
Randall Peterson 715 Maplewood Drive St. Helens, OR 97051	2012
<u>Councilors</u>	
Keith Locke, President 90 Columbia Blvd St. Helens, OR 97051	2012
Douglas Morten 484 Grey Cliff Drive St. Helens, OR 97051	2014
Phillip Barlow 104 N. Vernonia Rd St. Helens, OR 97051	2014
Patrick Martyn 265 South 13 th Street St. Helens, OR 97051	2012

CITY STAFF

Chad Olsen, Administrator

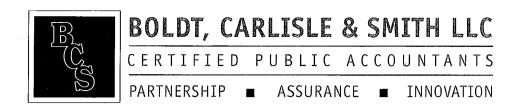
Jon Ellis, Finance Director

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council CITY OF ST. HELENS St. Helens, Oregon

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of CITY OF ST. HELENS, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the CITY OF ST. HELENS, as of June 30, 2011, the respective changes in financial position, cash flows, where applicable, thereof, and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General and State Tax Street Funds, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated January 5, 2012 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

A

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council CITY OF ST. HELENS St. Helens, Oregon

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (Continued)

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages *i* through *vi* be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's financial statements as a whole. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Boldt, Carlisle & Smith, LLC Certified Public Accountants Salem, Oregon January 5, 2012

Bradley G. Bingenheimer, Member

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Introduction

City of St. Helens' discussion and analysis offers readers of the City's financial statements an overview and analysis of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the basic financial statements (which immediately follow this discussion).

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$46.33 million. Of this amount, \$9.26 million (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- On a government-wide basis, the City's total net assets decreased \$.72 million. Net assets associated with governmental activities decreased \$.34 million primarily reflecting the multi-year strategy of operating cost reductions. Net assets associated from business-type activities decreased \$.38 million primarily reflecting the increase of debt associated with new infrastructure.
- On a fund basis, the City's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$4.49 million. A \$.93 million decrease from the prior year is primarily a reflection of the continued sluggish economy.
- The General Fund's financial position declined over last fiscal year. On June 30, 2011, the ending fund balance is \$2.06 million, a decrease of \$.58 million (21.97%) from the previous year. Although revenues increased from the prior year, expenditures still exceeded revenue levels. The unassigned fund balance is \$1.37 million and represents 39.3% of operating revenues and can be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. City Council has designated a minimum undesignated fund balance to reflect no less than 10% of operating expenditures.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The following discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements and other required supplemental information. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components:

- Government-wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements
- Notes to basic financial statements

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements report information about the City as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Assets presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (government activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety and justice, land use and planning, street transportation, library and educational services, parks and recreation, tourism activities, and community housing services. The business-type activities include water system operations, sewer system operations, storm drain operations, and fleet maintenance activities.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements are groupings of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to demonstrate finance-related legal compliance. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: *governmental* or *proprietary*.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Governmental fund's financial statement focuses on the near-term inflows and outflows of expendable resources, as well as on balances of expendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the City's near-term financing requirements. Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of governmental activities financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's long-term financing decisions. The governmental funds' Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and government-wide activities.

Information is presented separately in the governmental funds' Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for the General and State Tax Street Funds. Other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Proprietary funds are maintained in two ways. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for Water Operation Services, Sewer Operation Services, and Storm Drain Services. Internal Services Funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses an internal service fund to account for Fleet Operations. Because these services predominantly benefit business-type rather than governmental activities, they have been included within the business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

The notes to basic financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

Statement of Net Assets (In \$ millions)

	Governmen	ital Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Totals			
	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010		
ASSETS						_ 		
Current and other assets	\$ 5.25	\$ 6.12	\$ 8.59	\$ 9.03	\$ 13.84	\$ 15.15		
Capital assets, net	16.42	15.95	30.86	28.88	47.27	44.83		
Total assets	21.67	22.07	39.45	37.91	61.11	59.98		
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities	0.43	0.44	0.62	1.25	1.05	1.69		
Long-term obligations	0.27	0.32	13.46	10.91	13.73	11.23		
Total liabilities	0.70	0.76	14.08	12.16	14.78	12.93		
NET ASSETS								
Invested in capital assets,								
net of related debt	16.34	15.82	17.87	18.15	34.20	33.97		
Restricted	0.40	1.67	2.47	3.17	2.87	4.84		
Unrestricted	4.22	3.82	5.03	4.43	9.26	8.24		
TO TAL NET ASSETS	\$ 20.96	\$ 21.31	\$ 25.36	\$ 25.75	\$ 46.33	\$ 47.05		

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The City's net assets totaled \$46.33 million at June 30, 2011.

The largest portion of the City's net assets represents its investment in capital assets, net of related debt. These assets include current year additions to parks and roads, as well as water, sewer, and storm drain infrastructure which are offset by issuance of debt (DEQ Loan Proceeds). These assets are used to provide services to the citizens of our City.

The restricted net assets represent amounts which can be used only for specific purposes as imposed by external authorities or through applicable laws and regulations. The unrestricted net assets are available to the City to meet its ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Changes in Net Assets (In \$ millions)

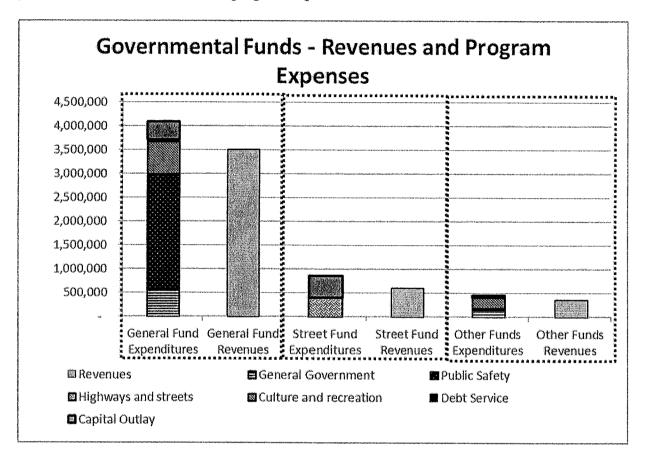
	Governmen	ntal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Totals			
	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009		
Program revenues								
Charges for services	\$ 0.53	\$ 0.60	\$ 6.32	\$ 5.61	\$ 6.85	\$ 6.21		
Operating grants and contributions	0.71	0.69	-	-	0.71	0.69		
Capital grants and contributions	0.12	0.16	_	-	0.12	0.16		
General revenues	-	-	-	-	-	_		
Property taxes	1.48	1.39	-	-	1.48	1.39		
Franchise taxes	0.72	0.70	-	-	0.72	0.70		
Transient room taxes	0.07	0.07	-	-	0.07	0.07		
Other grants and contributions	0.49	1.65	-	-	0.49	1.65		
Investment earnings	0.04	0.16	0.05	0.04	0.09	0.20		
Miscellaneous	0.41	0.45	0.19	0.80	0.60	1.24		
Watershed logging	-	-	0.48	-	0.48	-		
Gain on sale of equipment	-	(0.01)			_	(0.01)		
Total revenues	4.56	5.85	7.05	6.45	11.61	12.30		
Program expenses								
General government	0.69	0.70	-	-	0.69	0.70		
Public safety	2.49	2.51	-	-	2.49	2.51		
Highways and streets	0.70	0.91	-	-	0.70	0.91		
Culture and recreation	1.03	1.15	-	-	1.03	1.15		
Interest on long-term obligations	0.00	0.01	-	-	0.00	0.01		
Water	-	-	3.64	3.73	3.64	3.73		
Sewer	-		3.80	3.94	3.80	3.94		
Total program expenses	4.90	5.27	7.43	7.67	12.33	12.94		
Change in net assets	(0.34)	0.58	(0.38)	(1.22)	(0.72)	(0.64)		
Net assets - beginning of year	21.31	20.72	25.75	26.97	47.05	47.70		
Net assets - end of year	\$ 20.96	\$ 21.31	\$ 25.36	\$ 25.75	\$ 46.33	\$ 47.05		

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on expendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$4.49 million. Approximately \$1.37 million or 30% of this amount constitutes unassigned fund balance which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is assigned, restricted, or unavailable and is not available for new spending because of contractual or regulatory requirements that limit usage.

The draw on reserves from \$5.42 million to \$4.49 million or a reduction of \$.93 million primarily reflects capital outlay expenditures combined with a multi-year strategy of operating cost reductions. The chart below reflects governmental fund's revenue and program expenditures.



Financial Analysis of the Proprietary's Funds

The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the business-type activities in the Government-wide financial statements. As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's proprietary funds reported a combined unrestricted net asset balance of \$5.00 million. The unrestricted net assets increased by \$.61 million. This increase is mostly attributable to a combination of watershed timber harvesting revenues, utility rate increases, and draw on restricted reserves for designated capital assets. The identified capital infrastructure replacement and system growth needs has resulted in projected multiyear rate increases.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

City Council and staff continue to work hard to moderate the effects of the 2008-09 recession while maintaining existing service levels. The challenge is balancing the services desired by the public with available revenues. Responding to the declining reserves, operating expenditures were reduced approximately 9% in 2009-10 and 4% in 2010-11. Unfortunately, corresponding reductions in revenues occurred that offset much of the anticipated savings. Council has continued a hiring freeze and will be reassessing other expenditure reduction or revenue enhancement alternatives during the FY 2012-13 budget process. The City continues to maintain minimum operating reserves in excess of the 10% of the operating expenditures policy.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets: Investment in capital assets by the governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2011 was \$47.27 million net of accumulated depreciation. The investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, and system improvements, machinery and equipment and roads.

The major capital asset events during the current fiscal year were as follows:

- Governmental activities:
 - o Police Facilities Seismic Upgrade and Generator \$75,568
 - o Park Land Acquisition \$196,248
 - o Columbia View Park Improvements \$227,988
 - o Sidewalks and Streets \$143,648
 - o Rolling Equipment \$243,302
- Business-type activities
 - o Rolling Equipment \$65,462
 - o Sanitary Sewer I/I Project \$2,746,177
 - o Waste Water Treatment Plant Headworks \$414,697
 - o Other Equipment \$324,979
 - o Storm Drains \$10,505

Additional information on the City's capital assets may be found in Note 4 to the basic financial statements.

Long-term Debt: At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total debt outstanding of \$13.73 million. Of this amount, \$.27 million is reported in the governmental activities and \$13.46 million is reported in the business-type activities. New debt of \$2.12 million was incurred in this fiscal year for Sanitary/Storm Drain System. Additional information on the City's long-term debt may be found in Note 6 to the basic financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

During the preparation of the budget for the ensuing fiscal year, several major assumptions were used:

- Health premium costs would increase 8%
- Wages will increase 2% for all employees for the ensuing fiscal year
- Investment interest rates will be .5%
- Assessed values, the basis of property tax revenues, will grow by 3%
- Inflation will occur at 2%

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to: City of St. Helens, Attn: Jon Ellis - Finance Director/Budget Officer, P. O. Box 278, St. Helens, Or 97051, or e-mailed to: jellis@ci.st-helens.or.us.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2011

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Totals
ASSETS			
Cash and investments	\$ 4,604,262	\$ 6,945,588	\$ 11,549,850
Receivables, net	586,355	1,546,675	2,133,030
Inventories	50,178	81,189	131,367
Prepaid items	25,040	,	25,040
Internal balances	(16,044)	16,044	-
Capital assets:	, , ,	,	
Land, improvements and construction in progress	8,578,623	4,203,260	12,781,883
Other capital assets, net	7,838,838	26,652,304	34,491,142
TOTAL ASSETS	21,667,252	39,445,060	61,112,312
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	341,557	540,117	881,674
Accrued interest payable	4,199	296,780	300,979
Deposits payable	88,147	137,710	225,857
Long-term obligations:	,	151,110	223,037
Due within one year	235,711	2,588,168	2,823,879
Due in more than one year	34,720	10,517,300	10,552,020
TOTAL LIABILITIES	704,334	14,080,075	14,784,409
NET ASSETS			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	16,335,219	17,865,607	34,200,826
Restricted for:	, ,	, ,	- 1,1,1
Community development	18,467	-	18,467
Grant programs	112,417	-	112,417
Tourism	279,812	-	279,812
Capital outlay	1,175,997	2,274,161	3,450,158
Debt service	-	192,062	192,062
Other	107,274	-	107,274
Unrestricted	2,933,732	5,033,155	7,966,887
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 20,962,918	\$ 25,364,985	\$ 46,327,903

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

				···········	Progr	ram Revenue	S		Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Assets					
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities		Business- type Activities		Totals
Governmental activities General government Public safety Highways and streets Culture and recreation Interest on long-term obligations	\$	685,440 2,486,600 696,261 1,025,963 4,382	\$	242,821 261,889 - 20,294	\$	90,778 20,000 600,242 1,670	\$	20,019 130,837 9,691	\$	(351,841) (2,184,692) 34,818 (994,308) (4,382)			\$	(351,841) (2,184,692) 34,818 (994,308) (4,382)
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAI ACTIVITIES	L 	4,898,646		525,004		712,690		160,547		(3,500,405)				(3,500,405)
Business-type activities Water Sewer		3,637,928 3,795,318		2,246,272 4,077,164		-		-			\$	(1,391,656) 281,846		(1,391,656) 281,846
TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES		7,433,246		6,323,436		<u>-</u> _						(1,109,810)		(1,109,810)
Totals	\$	12,331,892	_\$	6,848,440	\$	712,690	\$	160,547		(3,500,405)		(1,109,810)		(4,610,215)
	I	neral revenue Property taxes Franchise taxes Transient room Grants and con	levi tax	es						1,476,126 718,621 71,055		- - -		1,476,126 718,621 71,055
	ì	to specific pu Unrestricted in Miscellaneous Watershed logg	vest		S					485,340 41,917 408,113		51,119 194,583 481,588		485,340 93,036 602,696 481,588
	ТО	TAL GENERA	AL I	REVENUES						3,201,172		727,290		3,928,462
	NE	IANGE IN NE T ASSETS - B IOR PERIOD A	EG	INNING						(299,233) 21,305,143 (42,992)		(382,520) 25,747,505		(681,753) 47,052,648 (42,992)
	NE	T ASSETS - E	ND	ING					\$	20,962,918	\$	25,364,985		46,327,903

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2011

A COPETTO		General	Sta	ite Tax Street	Go	Other vernmental Funds		Totals
ASSETS	_							
Cash and investments	\$	2,209,597	\$	1,695,172	\$	699,493	\$	4,604,262
Receivables, net Inventories		428,885		42,992		114,478		586,355
Prepaids		25040		50,178		-		50,178
Frepaids		25,040		-				25,040
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$</u>	2,663,522	\$	1,788,342	<u>\$</u>	813,971	\$	5,265,835
<u>LIABILITIES</u>								
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	293,360	\$	35,019	\$	13,178	\$	241 557
Deposits	Ψ	86,847	Ψ	1,300	φ	13,176	Ф	341,557
Deferred revenue		219,927		42,992		90 022		88,147
		217,721		42,772		80,932		343,851
TOTAL LIABILITIES		600,134		79,311		94,110		773,555
FUND BALANCE								
Non-spendable		25,040		50,178				75 210
Restricted		189,185		1,658,853		369,971		75,218 2,218,009
Committed		425,124		1,030,033		507,971		
Assigned		54,632		_		350,000		425,124
Unassigned		1,369,407		_		(110)		404,632 1,369,297
TOTAL FUND BALANCE								
TOTAL FUND BALANCE		2,063,388		1,709,031		719,861		4,492,280
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	2,663,522	\$	1,788,342	\$	813,971		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds. Other long-term assets are not available to pay for the conditions and the reference of the conditions.	e no	ot financial re	soui	ces and, there	eren efore	t because: e, are		16,417,461
and therefore are deferred in the funds: Property taxes earned but not available					\$	169,899		
Fines and other receivables earned but not ava					_	173,952		343,851
Internal balances result from transactions betwe business-type activities and internal service fu			ntal	activities,				(16,044)
Accrued interest is not due and payable in the cuand therefore are not reported in the funds.	ırrer	nt period						
Long-term obligations, including notes payable,	are	not due and	paya	ble in the cun	ent	period		(4,199)
and therefore are not reported in the funds.		(1		(270,431)
NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVI	TIE	S					\$	20,962,918

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Other Governmenta

			Go	overnmental		
	 General	State Tax Street		Funds		Totals
REVENUES						
Property taxes	\$ 1,468,801	\$ -	\$	-	\$	1,468,801
System development charges	9,691	26,212		-		35,903
Franchise fees	718,621	-		-		718,621
Licenses, permits and fees	93,811	-		115,275		209,086
Fines and forfeitures	234,711	-		-		234,711
Transient room tax	-	-		71,055		71,055
Intergovernmental	502,370	600,242		158,434		1,261,046
Interest	30,152	7,697		4,068		41,917
Miscellaneous	 427,175	2,819		8,125	-	438,119
TOTAL REVENUES	 3,485,332	636,970		356,957		4,479,259
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government	563,140	-		105,581		668,721
Public safety	2,417,152	-		62,903		2,480,055
Highways and streets	-	390,642		· <u>-</u>		390,642
Culture and recreation	669,988	-		228,304		898,292
Debt service	51,839	-		10,000		61,839
Capital outlay	 374,832	465,750		33,695		874,277
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 4,076,951	856,392	_	440,483		5,373,826
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	 (591,619)	(219,422)		(83,526)		(894,567)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Proceeds from interfund loans	10,000	-		_		10,000
Transfers in	4,068	_		_		4,068
Transfers out	 <u>-</u>	-		(4,068)		(4,068)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	 14,068			(4,068)		10,000
Net change in fund balances	(577,551)	(219,422)		(87,594)		(884,567)
Fund balances at beginning of year	2,640,939	1,971,445		807,455		5,419,839
Prior period adjustment	 	(42,992)				(42,992)
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 2,063,388	\$ 1,709,031	\$	719,861	\$	4,492,280

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

\$ (884,567)

nounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are differen	t becai	ise of the following	g:
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets. The difference between these two amounts is: Capital outlay		204-7-1	
Depreciation	\$	886,754	
Doproduction		(414,963)	471,791
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds as follows:			
Taxes		7,325	
Fines, forfeitures and grants		8,204	
System development charges		42,992	58,521
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term obligations in the statement of net assets			
Principal payments			45,151
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			
Accrued interest		2,306	
Compensated absences		7,355	9,661
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of fleet maintenance individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated	ce to		
between governmental and business-type activities.			210

CHANGE IN NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

(299,233)

GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

		Bı	ıdget					
	Original			Final	- Actual		Variance	
REVENUES								Variance
Property taxes	\$	1,545,648	\$	1,545,648	\$	1,468,801	\$	(76,847)
System development charges		16,000		16,000	Ť	9,691	Ψ	(6,309)
Franchise fees		799,689		799,689		718,621		(81,068)
Licenses and permits		129,500		129,500		93,811		(35,689)
Fines and forfeitures		243,000		243,000		234,711		(8,289)
Intergovernmental		410,617		410,617		502,370		91,753
Interest		38,500		38,500		30,152		(8,348)
Miscellaneous		,				00,102		(0,5 10)
Other		108,175		108,175		46,194		(61,981)
In lieu of franchise fees		377,585		377,585		380,981		3,396
								3,330
TOTAL REVENUES		3,668,714		3,668,714		3,485,332		(183,382)
EXPENDITURES								
Administration								
Personal services		439,731		439,731		415,315		24,416
Materials and services		184,847		184,847		147,825		37,022
					_	111,020		37,022
Total administration		624,578		624,578		563,140		61,438
Police								
Personal services		2,283,851		2,177,951		2,115,699		62.252
Materials and services		265,410		295,710		2,113,099		62,252
				275,710	_	277,703		51,007
Total police		2,549,261		2,473,661		2,360,402		113,259

GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued)

		В	udge					
EXPENDITURES (continued)		Original		Final	-	Actual		Variance
Library		<u></u>					- —	
Personal services	\$	340,408	\$	340,408	\$	324,678	\$	15,730
Materials and services		170,555		170,555	Ψ	157,326	Ψ	13,730
Total library		510,963		510,963	_	482,004		28,959
Parks								
Personal services		117,661		117,661		90.601		2.252
Materials and services		203,364		117,001		89,681		9,268
Debt service		51,841		51,841		98,303		15,061
		31,041		31,041		51,839	_	2
Total parks		372,866		282,866		239,823		24,331
Capital outlay		139,092		438,192	_	431,582		6,610
Contingency		1,362,835		1,229,335				1,229,335
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		5,559,595		5,559,595		4,076,951		1,463,932
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(1,890,881)		(1,890,881)		(591,619)		1,280,550
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Proceeds from interfund loan						10.000		10.000
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		500		500		10,000		10,000
Transfers in		5,000		5,000		4.069		(500)
Transfers out		(10,000)		(10,000)		4,068		(932)
		(10,000)		(10,000)				10,000
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(4,500)		(4,500)		14,068		18,568
Net change in fund balance	((1,895,381)		(1,895,381)		(577,551)		1,317,830
Fund balance at beginning of year		1,895,381		1,895,381		2,640,939		745,558
				,,,		-, , - , - , - , -		, 13,330
Fund balance at end of year	\$	-	<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>	2,063,388	<u>\$</u>	2,063,388

STATE TAX STREET - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Bı	ıdget					
	Original		Final	•	Actual		Variance
REVENUES							7 di lanco
System development charges	\$ 60,000	\$	60,000	\$	26,212	\$	(33,788)
Intergovernmental	882,800	-	882,800	Ψ	600,242	Ψ	(282,558)
Interest	1,000		1,000		7,697		6,697
Miscellaneous	2,000		2,000		2,819		819
TOTAL DEVENIEN		,					
TOTAL REVENUES	945,800		945,800		636,970		(308,830)
EXPENDITURES							
Personal services	151,584		151,584		147,558		4,026
Materials and services	888,322		605,562		243,084		362,478
Capital outlay	175,000		526,060		465,750		60,310
Operating contingencies	75,000		6,700		-		6,700
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,289,906		1,289,906		856,392	-	433,514
Net change in fund balance	(244.107)		(244.100)		(240.422)		
Fund balance at beginning of year	(344,106)		(344,106)		(219,422)		124,684
- - ·	344,106		344,106		1,971,445		1,627,339
Prior period adjustment	-				(42,992)		(42,992)
Fund balance at end of year	\$ -	\$	_	\$	1,709,031	\$	1,709,031

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2011

J	une 30, 2011			
		Enterprise		Business- type Activities
		231to priso		Internal
	Water	Sewer	Totals	Service
ASSETS			-	
CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash and investments	\$ 3,326,227	\$ 3,603,365	\$ 6,929,592	\$ 15,996
Receivables	379,232	1,167,443	1,546,675	-
Inventories	62,443	9,545	71,988	9,201
Total current assets	3,767,902	4,780,353	8,548,255	25,197
Capital assets:	.,,.	1,1 00,000	0,5 10,255	25,177
Land, improvements and construction in progress	956,371	3,246,889	4,203,260	_
Other capital assets, net	15,915,441	10,638,004	26,553,445	98,859
TOTAL ASSETS	20,639,714	18,665,246	39,304,960	124,056
LIABILITIES				
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	38,047	497,499	535,546	4,571
Accrued interest payable	146,355	150,425	296,780	4,571
Deposits payable	137,710	150,125	137,710	-
Compensated absences payable	44,980	70,531	115,511	_
Current portion of long-term obligations	288,670	2,183,987	2,472,657	
Total current liabilities	655,762	2,902,442	3,558,204	4,571
Long-term obligations	6,311,225			4,571
_ong to m oonganon	0,511,225	4,206,075	10,517,300	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	6,966,987	7,108,517	14,075,504	4,571
NET ASSETS				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	10,271,917	7 404 921	17 7// 7/0	00.050
Restricted for:	10,271,917	7,494,831	17,766,748	98,859
Capital projects	528,954	1,745,207	2,274,161	
Debt service	320,734	192,062	192,062	-
Unrestricted	2,871,856	2,124,629	4,996,485	20,626
TOTAL AND LOCKED		4,121,023	4,270,403	20,020
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 13,672,727	\$11,556,729	25,229,456	\$ 119,485
Amounts reported for business-type activities in the Statement Internal service funds are used by management to charge the individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal s in business-type activities in the statement of net assets as predominately to the enterprise funds. Internal balances result from transactions between the govern activities and internal service funds	cost of fleet maintenant service fund have been it provides services	nce to included	119,485	
activities and internal service funds			16,044	
NET ASSETS OF BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES			\$ 25,364,985	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

	XX.	Enterprise		A	siness-type activities	
OPERATING REVENUES	Water	Sewer	Totals	Inter	nal Service	
Charges for services	\$ 2,172,312	\$ 3,966,224	\$ 6,138,536		246,533	
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Personal services	1,399,564	2,213,068	3,612,632		174,663	
Materials and services	971,187	1,072,932	2,044,119		58,726	
Depreciation	789,158	355,654	1,144,812		12,302	
,		300,007	1,111,012		12,302	
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	3,159,909	3,641,654	6,801,563		245,691	
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(987,597)	324,570	(663,027)		842	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
Interest earned on investments	26,421	24,698	51,119			
Miscellaneous	57,086	137,497	194,583		-	
Watershed logging	481,588	137,177	481,588		-	
Watershed logging	(147,078)	_	(147,078)		-	
Interest	(257,234)	(43,103)	(300,337)		-	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	160,783	119,092	279,875		-	
Change in net assets	(826,814)	443,662	(383,152)		842	
Net assets at beginning of year	14,499,541	11,113,067	(505,152)			
or your	14,479,541	11,113,007			118,643	
Net assets at end of year	\$ 13,672,727	\$ 11,556,729		\$	119,485	
Amounts reported for business-type activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because of the following: A portion of the net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocable						
to business-type activities			632			
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS OF BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES			\$ (382,520)			

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

				Business-
				type
				Activities
		Enterprise		Internal
	Water	Sewer	Totals	Service
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers Receipts from interfund services provided	\$ 2,198,546	\$ 4,032,390	\$ 6,230,936	\$ -
Payments for interfund services used	(73,960)	(110,940)	(184,900)	246,880
Payments to suppliers	(912,594)	(1,257,684)	(2,170,278)	(59,154)
Payments to employees	(1,434,702)	(2,258,276)	(3,692,978)	(174,663)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(222,710)	405,490	182,780	13,063
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds from long-term obligations	-	2,630,967	2,630,967	-
Acquisition of capital assets Principal paid on long-term obligations	(111,633)	(3,018,136)	(3,129,769)	-
Interest paid on long-term obligations	(282,292)	(73,416)	(355,708)	-
	(262,802)	(9,902)	(272,704)	-
NET CASH (USED IN) CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(656,727)	(470,487)	(1,127,214)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Watershed logging - net	334,510	_	334,510	_
Interest on investments	26,421	24,698	51,119	-
NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	360,931	24,698	385,629	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(518,506)	(40,299)	(558,805)	13,063
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year	3,844,733	3,643,664	7,488,397	2,933
Cash and cash equivalents- end of year	\$ 3,326,227	\$ 3,603,365	\$ 6,929,592	\$ 15,996
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Operating income (loss)	\$ (987,597)	\$ 324,570	\$ (663,027)	\$ 842
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash				
provided by (used in) operating activities				
Depreciation Miscellaneous	789,158	355,654	1,144,812	12,302
Decrease (increase) in assets	57,086	137,497	194,583	-
Receivables	(22.401)	(71 221)	(104 730)	
Inventories	(33,401) (9,280)	(71,331) 5,656	(104,732)	-
Increase (decrease) in liabilities	(3,200)	5,050	(3,624)	347
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(6,087)	(301,348)	(307,435)	(428)
Deposits payable	2,549	(5 5 1,5 10)	2,549	(420)
Compensated absences payable	(35,138)	(45,208)	(80,346)	-
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES		\$ 405,490	\$ 182,780	\$ 13,063

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2011

1. Summary of significant accounting policies

A. Organization

The City was chartered in 1889 through an act of the state legislature. In 1903, the City became the Columbia County seat.

Control of the City is vested in its mayor and council members who are elected to office by voters within the City. Administrative functions are delegated to individuals who report to and are responsible to the mayor and council. The chief administrative officer is the City administrator.

The accompanying financial statements present all activities and funds for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. The criteria used in making this determination includes appointment of a voting majority, imposition of will, financial benefit or burden on the primary government and fiscal dependency on the primary government. Based upon the evaluation of this criteria, the City is a primary government with no includable component units.

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The financial statements of the CITY OF ST. HELENS have been prepared in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental entities. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting entity for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting standards.

The basic financial statements include both government-wide and fund based financial statements. Both levels of statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. Governmental activities, which are normally financed through taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements (continued)

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the City's programs. Direct expenses are those that are clearly allocable with a specific function or segment. The City does not allocate indirect expenses. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements and the proprietary funds financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the City receives value without giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On the accrual basis of accounting, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The government-wide statements and proprietary funds have applied all Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions and Accounting Research Bulletins of the Committee on Accounting Procedure issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. The City has elected not to follow FASB pronouncements issued after November 30, 1989.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the functions of the City, the elimination of which would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources, as they are needed.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The City considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collected within thirty days after year end. Property taxes and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for claims and judgments, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have been incurred. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds and proceeds from long-term debt are reported as other financing sources.

In the governmental fund financial statements, when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the City considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the City considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the City Council has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

The bases of accounting described above are in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements display information at the individual fund level. Each fund is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Nonmajor funds are consolidated into a single column within each fund type in the financial section of the basic financial statements and are detailed in the supplemental information.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

- General accounts for the financial operations of the City except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Principal sources of revenue are property taxes, fees, licenses and state apportionments.
- State Tax Street accounts for the City's street and highway maintenance. Principal sources of revenue are motor vehicle fuel taxes.

1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (continued)

Fund Financial Statements (continued)

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

- Water accounts for the water system operations. This fund is predominantly self-supported through user charges to customers.
- Sewer accounts for the sewer system operations. This fund is predominantly self-supported through user charges to customers.

The City also includes the following fund types as other governmental funds

Special revenue - accounts for revenue derived from specific taxes or other revenue sources, which are legally restricted to finance particular functions or activities. When a special revenue fund is not an operating fund, transfers are made from the special revenue fund to the operating funds authorized to make expenditures.

Capital projects - accounts for expenditures on major construction projects or equipment acquisition. The principal sources are proceeds from long-term obligations issued to finance capital acquisitions and improvements.

Internal service - accounts for services provided to other departments within the city that benefit from the fund's services.

D. Budget policies and budgetary control

Generally, Oregon Local Budget Law requires annual budgets be adopted for all funds except agency funds. The modified accrual basis of accounting is used for all budgets. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

The City begins its budgeting process by appointing Budget Committee members in the fall of each year. Budget recommendations are developed by management through early spring, with the Budget Committee meeting and approving the budget document in late spring. Public notices of the budget hearing are generally published in May or June and the hearing is held in June. The City adopts the budget, makes appropriations, and declares the tax levy no later than June 30.

Expenditure appropriations may not be legally over-expended, except in the case of grant receipts and bond sale proceeds which could not be reasonably estimated at the time the budget was adopted.

1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

D. Budget policies and budgetary control (continued)

The resolution authorizing appropriations for each fund sets the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations. The City establishes levels of budgetary control at personal services, materials and services, capital outlay, operating contingencies, and debt service for all funds, except the General Fund, where budgetary control is established at the department level.

Budget amounts shown in the basic financial statements have been revised since the original budget amounts were adopted. The City must authorize all appropriation transfers and supplementary budgetary appropriations.

E. Use of estimates

The process of preparing financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the use of estimates and assumptions regarding certain types of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses. Such estimates primarily relate to unsettled transactions and events as of the date of the financial statements. Accordingly, upon settlement, actual results may differ from estimated amounts.

F. Cash and cash equivalents

For purposes of reporting cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, checking, savings and money market accounts and any highly-liquid debt instruments.

G. Receivables

Property taxes are assessed and become a lien on all taxable property as of July 1. Property taxes are levied on November 15. Collection dates are November 15, February 15, and May 15. Discounts are allowed if the amount due is received by November 15 or February 15. Taxes unpaid and outstanding on May 16 are considered delinquent.

Property taxes receivable collected within 60 days subsequent to year-end are considered measurable and available, and are recognized as revenues. All other property taxes receivable are offset by deferred revenue because they are not deemed available to finance operations of the current period.

Assessment liens receivable in the General fund are recorded as receivables at the time property owners are assessed for property improvements. The unpaid liens and related interest receivable are offset by deferred revenue and, accordingly, have not been recorded as revenue.

1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

G. Receivables (continued)

Receivables for federal and state grants, and state, county, and local shared revenue are recorded as revenue in all fund types as earned. No allowance for doubtful accounts is necessary.

Receivables of the Proprietary Funds are recorded as revenue as earned. The allowance for doubtful accounts is established on a specific identification basis.

H. Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out method) or market. Inventories consist of expendable supplies held for consumption.

I. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are charged to expenditures as purchased in the governmental fund statements, and capitalized in the proprietary fund statements. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated assets are recorded at estimated fair value as of the date of the donation.

Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more, and an estimated useful life of greater than five years. Additions or improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset, or that significantly increase the capacity of an asset are capitalized. Other costs for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

Depreciation on exhaustible assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net assets and is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset	<u>Years</u>
Buildings and improvements	25-40
Improvements other than buildings	20-30
Machinery and equipment	5-20
Vehicles	5-15
Infrastructure	25-50

Depreciation is taken in the year the assets are acquired or retired based upon the number of months held. Gains or losses from sales or retirements of capital assets are included in operations of the current period.

1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

J. Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are treated as period costs in the year of issue and are shown as other financing uses.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

K. Compensated absences

1. Sick leave

The City has a policy which permits full-time employees to earn sick leave at the rate of one day per month up to a maximum of 120 days.

Sick leave, which does not vest, is recognized in funds when leave is taken.

2. Vacation leave

Each employee earns vacation at rates determined by their length of employment. An employee can accumulate a maximum of 600 hours.

Accumulated vested vacation leave is accrued as it is earned. For governmental funds, the non-current portion (the amount estimated to be used in subsequent fiscal years) is maintained separately and represents a reconciling item between the fund-level and government-wide presentations. Only the current portion is reported in the governmental funds, and is calculated based on historical trends. In business-type/enterprise funds, both the current and long-term liabilities are recorded

1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

L. Equity

Equity on the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements is classified as net assets and displayed in three components in the government-wide financial statements:

*Invested in capital assets, net of related deb*t – Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets.

Restricted net assets – Consists of net assets with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net assets – All other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions (GASB 54). This Statement defines the different fund balance categories that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes in its governmental fund types.

GASB 54 requires governmental type fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories list below:

Non-spendable — Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted — Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed — Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City Council. The City Council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the City. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through ordinances or resolutions approved by the City Council.

Assigned — Amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. The City Council has granted authority to assign fund balance amounts.

Unassigned — the residual classification for the government's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. Additionally, other funds may report negative unassigned fund balance in certain circumstances.

2. Deposits and investments

The City maintains a pool of cash and investments that are available for use by all funds. Each fund's portion of this pool is displayed on the financial statements as cash and investments. Interest earned on pooled cash and investments is allocated to participating funds based upon their combined cash and investment balances.

Investments, including amounts held in pooled cash and investments are stated at fair value. In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 31, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools*, investments with a remaining maturity of more than one year, at the time of purchase are stated at fair value. Fair value is determined at the quoted market price, if available; otherwise the fair value is estimated based on the amount at which the investment could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than a forced liquidation sale. Investments in the State of Oregon Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) are stated at fair value.

The Oregon State Treasury administers the LGIP. The LGIP is an unrated, open-ended, no-load, diversified portfolio offered to any City, political subdivision or public corporation of the state that by law is made the custodian of, or has control of, any fund. The LGIP is commingled with the State's short-term funds. To provide regulatory oversight, the Oregon Legislature established the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board and LGIP investments are approved by the Oregon Investment Council. The fair value of the City's position in the LGIP is the same as the value of the pool shares.

Credit risk: Oregon statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, bankers' acceptances, repurchase agreements, commercial paper rated A-1 by Standard & Poor's Corporation or P-1 by Moody's Commercial Paper Record, and the state treasurer's investment pool.

As of June 30, 2011, the City had the following investments:

	Moody's Rating	Maturities	I	Fair Value	-
State Treasurer's Investment Pool General Electric Cap Corp Bank of America	N/A AA3 AA2	N/A 4/10/2012 8/15/2011	\$	7,726,517 474,615 1,076,291	* *
* Represents 5 percent or more of to	tal investments		\$	9,277,423	

2. Deposits and investments (continued)

Interest Rate Risk: The City does not have a formal policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair-value losses arising from increases in interest rates.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The City does not have a formal policy that places a limit on the amount that may be invested in any one insurer.

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments: This is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in the possession of an outside party. The City does not have a policy which limits the amount of investments that can be held by counterparties.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits: This is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned. The Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) provides insurance for the City's deposits with financial institutions up to \$250,000 each for the aggregate of all non-interest bearing accounts and the aggregate of all interest bearing accounts at each institution. Deposits in excess of FDIC coverage with institutions participating in the Oregon Public Funds Collateralization Program are collateralized with securities held by the Federal Home Loan Bank of Seattle in the name of the institution. As of June 30, 2011, \$1,962,560 of the City's bank balances were exposed to custodial credit risk as they were collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's agent but not in the City's name

A.	The City's deposits and investments at June 30, 2011 are as follows:				
	Total investments	\$	9,277,423		
	Cash on hand		1,700		
	Deposits with financial institutions	_	2,270,727		
	Total deposits and investments	\$	11,549,850		
В.	Cash and investments by fund:				
	Governmental activities/funds				
	General	\$	2,209,597		
	State Tax Street		1,695,172		
	Other governmental funds		699,493		
	Total governmental activities/funds		4,604,262		
	Business-type activities / Proprietary funds				
	Enterprise funds				
	Water		3,326,227		
	Sewer		3,603,365		
	Total enterprise funds		6,929,592		
	Internal service		15,996		
	Total business-type activities		6,945,588		
	Total cash and investments	<u>\$</u>	11,549,850		

3. Receivables

A. The City's receivables at June 30, 2011 are shown below:

	·	Governmental Activities/Funds										
		Other Business-type Activities / State Tax Governmental Proprietary Funds										
	(General Street Funds Water Sewer										
Accounts	\$	145,398	\$	_	\$	114,478	\$373,274	\$1,130,266	\$1,763,416			
System development charges		-	,	,992	Ψ	-	Ψ575,271	Ψ1,150,200	42,992			
Property assessments		4,474	•	_		_	_	389,814	394,288			
Property taxes		153,313		_		_	_	_	153,313			
Interest		21,330		-		~	5,118	-	26,448			
Other		44,994		-		-	840	2,250	48,084			
Fines	2	,024,476		-		-	-	-	2,024,476			
Allowance for doubtful									, ,			
accounts	<u>(1</u>	(1,965,100)										
	\$	428,885	<u>\$42,</u>	992	\$	114,478	\$379,232	\$1,522,330	\$2,487,917			

3. Receivables (continued)

B. Property taxes

i. Collection procedures

Taxes are levied on July 1 and are payable in three installments due November 15, February 15 and May 15. Columbia County bills and collects property taxes for the City.

ii. Transactions

	 Balances July 1, 2010	Collections	Balances June 30, 2011				
Current Prior	\$ 144,572	\$	1,519,567	\$ (9,736) (7,693)	\$ (35,962) <u>9,944</u>	\$ 1,398,458 68,921	\$ 75,411 77,902
	\$ 144,572	\$	1,519,567	\$ (17,429)	\$(26,018)	\$ 1,467,379	\$ 153,313
Collections red		_	•		~	(33,188) 34,610	
						\$1,468,801	

iii. Ensuing year's levy

The permanent tax rate is \$1.9078 per \$1,000 assessed value as limited by the Constitution of the State of Oregon.

The tax rate limit of \$10.00 per thousand of assessed value imposed by the Oregon Constitution is not expected to affect this levy.

4. Capital assets

A. Transactions for the year ended June 30, 2011 of the governmental activities were as follows:

	July 1, 2010	Additions	June 30, 2011
Capital assets not being depreciated			
Land	\$ 1,825,771	\$ 196,248	\$ 2,022,019
Right of way	5,259,111	-	5,259,111
Library collection	1,297,493		1,297,493
Total capital assets not being depreciated	8,382,375	196,248	8,578,623
Capital assets being depreciated			
Buildings and improvements	4,451,319	246,805	4,698,124
Equipment	1,551,719	300,052	1,851,771
Infrastructure	5,323,693	143,648	5,467,341
Total capital assets being depreciated	11,326,731	690,505	12,017,236
Less accumulated depreciation for			
Buildings and improvements	1,955,498	111,443	2,066,941
Equipment	876,369	141,263	1,017,632
Infrastructure	931,568	162,257	1,093,825
Total accumulated depreciation	3,763,435	414,963	4,178,398
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	7,563,296	275,542	7,838,838
Covernmental activities conital assets not	Ф 15 0 <i>45 (7</i> 1	Ф 4 51 500	. 16.417.461
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 15,945,671	\$ 471,790	\$ 16,417,461

B. Depreciation expense for governmental activities is charged to functions/programs as follows:

General government	\$ 3,683
Public safety	59,180
Highways and streets	239,324
Culture and recreation	 112,776
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	\$ 414 963

4. Capital assets (continued)

C. Transactions for the year ended June 30, 2011 of the <u>business-type activities</u> were as follows:

				Adjustments and Reclassifi-		
	July 1, 2010	Additions	Deletions	cations	June 30, 2011	
Capital assets not being depreciated				44470713	34110 30, 2011	
Land	\$ 1,006,535	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,006,535	
Construction in progress	4,363,563	2,747,580	-	(3,914,418)	3,196,725	
Total capital assets not being depreciated	5,370,098	2,747,580	-	(3,914,418)	4,203,260	
Capital assets being depreciated						
Buildings and improvements	20,308,576	_	-	1,875,986	22,184,562	
Equipment	5,844,892	371,682	(83,844)	1,132,782	7,265,512	
Infrastructure	13,824,463	10,505		905,650	14,740,618	
Total capital assets being depreciated	39,977,931	382,187	(83,844)	3,914,418	44,190,692	
Less accumulated depreciation						
Buildings and improvements	6,404,350	635,508	-	-	7,039,858	
Equipment	3,105,091	277,798	(83,844)	•	3,299,045	
Infrastructure	6,955,679	243,806			7,199,485	
Total accumulated depreciation	16,465,120	1,157,112	(83,844)	-	17,538,388	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	23,512,811	(774,925)	(167,688)	3,914,418	26,652,304	
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 28,882,909	\$ 1,972,655	\$ (167,688)	\$ -	\$ 30,855,564	

D. Depreciation expense for business-type activities is charged to functions/programs as follows:

Water	\$ 789,157
Sewer	355,653
Depreciation charged to Internal Service Fund	 12,302
Total business-type activities depreciation expense	\$ 1,157,112

5. Deferred revenue

Resources owned by the City, which are measurable but not available and, therefore are deferred in the fund financial statements, consist of the following:

		- (Gove	rnmental F	unds		
						Other	
			St	ate Street	Go	overnmental	
		General		Tax		Funds	 Totals
Property taxes	\$	118,703	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 118,703
System development charges		-		42,992		•	42,992
Accounts		-		-		80,932	80,932
Fines - net of allowance for doubtful accounts	_	101,224					 101,224
	\$	219,927	\$	42,992	\$	80,932	\$ 343,851

6. Long-term obligations

A. Transactions for the year ended June 30, 2011 of the governmental activities were as follows:

	_	Balances ly 1, 2010	 Additions	Reductions	Balances ne 30, 2011	Balances Due Within One Year
Notes: Dahlgren land sale contract, interest at 5.25 percent, secured by a deed or trust on land Principal Interest	\$	127,393 6,505	\$ 4,382	\$ 45,151 6,688	\$ 82,242 4,199	\$ 47,522
Compensated absences The City's full-time employees earn vacation at rates determined by their length their length of employment, but must use their		133,898	4,382	51,839	86,441	
vacation within 18 months after it is earned		195,545	 188,189	195,545	 188,189	188,189
Total governmental activities long-term obligations Accrued interest		329,443 6,505	 192,571 4,382	247,384 6,688	274,630 4,199	\$ 235,711
Principal	\$	322,938	\$ 188,189	\$ 240,696	\$ 270,431	

B. Transactions for the year ended June 30, 2011 of the <u>business-type activities</u> were as follows:

Loans:	Balances ly 1, 2010	Ac	dditions	Reductions		Balances June 30, 2011		Balances Due Within One Year	
State of Oregon Department of Environmental Quality, due in 39 equal semi-annual installments of \$41,659.36, including 3 percent interest. Original amount authorized \$1,200,000, net operating revenues of sewer system pledged		•							
Principal Interest	\$ 348,294 3,436	\$	9,542	\$	73,417 9,902	\$	274,877 3,076	\$	75,636
	 351,730		9,542		83,319		277,953		
Oregon Economic and Community Development Department, reference G04004, due in 25 annual installments, beginning December 1, 2005, including 3.0 to 4.50 percent interest, maximum amount of loan authorized \$4,000,000, net operating revenues of water system pledged Principal	3,476,797		-		120,293		3,356,504		120,953
Interest	 82,429		140,331		142,591		80,169		0,,,,
	 3,559,226		140,331		262,884		3,436,673		

6. Long-term obligations (continued)

B. Transactions for the year ended June 30, 2011 of the <u>business-type activities</u> were as follows (continued):

Loans: (continued)	Balances July 1, 2010	Additions	Reductions	Balances June 30, 2011	Balances Due Within One Year
Oregon Economic and Community Development Department, reference S04004, due in 20 annual installments, beginning December 1, 2006, including 3.53 percent interest, maximum amount of loan authorized \$4,000,000, net operating revenues of water system pledged Principal Interest	\$ 3,405,390 69,492	\$ - 116,904	\$ 161,999 120,210	\$ 3,243,391 66,186	\$ 167,717
State of Oregon Department of Environmental	3,474,882	116,904	282,209	3,309,577	
Quality, due in 30 semi-annual installments from date of project completion, including 2.69 percent interest. Maximum amount authorized \$2,053,000, net operating revenues of sewer system pledged Principal Interest	2,021,166 113,788	31,834 31,428	-	2,053,000 145,216	58,351
	2,134,954	63,262		2,198,216	
State of Oregon Department of Environmental Quality, due in 30 semi-annual installments from date of project completion, including 2.69 percent interest. Maximum amount authorized \$4,000,000, net operating revenues of sewer system pledged Principal	1,350,792	2,540,728	_	3,891,520	2,050,000
State of Oregon Department of Environmental Quality, due in 10 semi-annual installments from date of project completion, including 1.25 percent interest. Maximum amount authorized \$550,000, net operating revenues of sewer system pledged				3,071,020	2,030,000
Principal Interest	112,260	58,405 2,133		170,665 2,133	_
	112,260	60,538		172,798	
Compensated absences	195,857	115,511	195,857	115,511	115,511
Total business-type activities long-term obligations	11,179,701	3,046,816	824,269	13,402,248	\$ 2,588,168
Accrued interest	269,145	300,338	272,703	296,780	
Principal	\$ 10,910,556	\$ 2,746,478	\$ 551,566	\$ 13,105,468	

6. Long-term obligations (continued)

C. Future maturities for governmental activities long-term obligations outstanding as of June 30, 2011 are

as follows:

		Dahlgre	en La	and										
Fiscal		Sale C	ontra	act	Co	mpensated		Totals						
Year	P	rincipal	I1	nterest		bsences	I	Principal	Interest					
2012	\$	47,522	\$	4,318	\$	188,189	\$	235,711	\$	4,318				
2013		34,720		1,020				34,720		1,020				
	\$	82,242	\$	5,338	\$	188,189	\$	270,431	\$	5,338				

D. Future maturities for <u>business-type activities</u> long-term obligations outstanding as of June 30, 2011 are as follows.

		····							Lo	oans						
Fiscal		OD	EQ			OECDD, ref. G04004				OECDD,	S04004		ODEQ ref. R80161			
Year	F	Principal		Interest	I	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest
2012	\$	75,636	\$	7,683	\$	120,953	\$	138,681	\$	167,717	\$	114,492	\$	58,351	\$	177,431
2013		77,922		5,397		126,686		134,448		173,638		108,571		119,067		52,859
2014		80,277		3,042		132,445		130,014		179,767		102,442		122,291		49,637
2015		41,042		616		138,231		125,378		186,113		96,096		125,603		46,325
2016		-		-		144,044		120,540		192,683		89,526		129,005		42,923
2017-21		-		-		784,687		517,684		1,070,368		340,676		699,360		160,280
2022-26		-		-		969,579		342,360		1,273,105		137,938		799,323		60,316
2027-31						939,879	_	108,382				-		-		-
	\$	274,877	\$	16,738	\$	3,356,504	\$	1,617,487	<u>\$</u>	3,243,391	<u>\$</u> _	989,741	<u>\$</u>	2,053,000	<u>\$</u>	589,771

Fiscal	ODEQ re	f. R	06801	ODEQ ref. R80162					mpensated		Totals				
Year	 Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Absences		Principal	Interest			
2011	\$ 2,050,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	115,511	\$	2,588,168	\$	438,287		
2012	100,000		-		-		-		-		597,313		301,275		
2013	100,000		-		18,494		2,283		-		633,274		287,418		
2014	100,000		-		37,335		1,786		_		628,324		270,201		
2015	100,000		-		37,803		1,318		-	603,535			254,307		
2016-20	500,000		-		77,033		1,208		-		3,131,448		1,019,848		
2021-25	500,000		-		-		-		-		3,542,007		540,614		
2026-30	 441,520	_			-			_			1,381,399		108,382		
	\$ 3,891,520	\$	-	\$	170,665	<u>\$</u> _	6,595	\$	115,511	\$	13,105,468	<u>\$</u>	3,220,332		

Loans

7. Retirement plan

The City contributes to the Oregon Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS); a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan and the Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP); a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, hybrid pension plan. Both PERS and OPSRP are governed by the Public Employees' Retirement Board (PERB) under the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes 238. PERS provides retirement benefits under a variety of benefit options, as selected by retiring employees, and provides death and disability benefits. OPSRP provides a combination of retirement benefits under a defined benefit plan and an individual account program (IAP), the balance of which will be paid out in either a lump sum or over a 5, 10, 15, or 20 year period. Employees hired on or after August 29, 2003, participate only in OPSRP. Beginning January 1, 2005, active PERS members hired before August 29, 2003, became members of the IAP of OPSRP. These members retain their existing PERS account, however any future member contributions will be placed in the IAP. A copy of the Oregon Public Employees' Retirement System annual financial report may be obtained by writing to Public Employees' Retirement System, P.O. Box 23700, Tigard, OR 97281-3700, by calling (503) 598-7377 or at www.oregon.gov/PERS.

City employees are eligible to participate after completing six months of service. Covered employees are required by state statute to contribute 6 percent of their compensation to the plan. Current law permits the City to pay this amount on behalf of the employees. The City's contribution rate is set by PERB and is periodically adjusted based upon actuarial computations of the amount needed to provide retirement benefits. For employees hired before August 29, 2003, the City's contribution rate is 14.51 percent of covered compensation. For employees hired on or after August 29, 2003, the City's contribution rate is 12.37 percent for police covered compensation and 15.08 percent of covered compensation for all other employees.

The City's contribution to the plan for the years ending June 30, 2011, 2010, and 2009, were equal to the City's required contributions for each year as follows:

				City Paid				
Year Ended		City		Member				
June 30,	Contribution		_C	ontribution	Totals			
2011	\$	596,981	\$	255,817	\$	852,798		
2010		589,527		251,652		841,179		
2009		728,038		252,847		980,885		

8. Interfund transfers

Interfund transfers during the year ended June 30, 2011 were as follows:

	Transfers							
Fund Type	<u> </u>	<u>Out</u>						
General Other governmental funds	\$ 4,068	\$ - 4,068						
	<u>\$ 4,068</u>	\$ 4,068						

Interest earned in the Water System Improvement Reserve Fund (non-major) is transferred to the General Fund since the interest earnings are not reserved for capital projects.

9. Segment information for Enterprise Funds

The City has issued revenue bonds to finance its water and sewer utilities.

Summary financial information for the water and sewer utilities is as follows:

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS		Water		Sewer
Assets	_			
Current assets Capital assets	\$	3,767,902 16,871,812	\$	4,780,353 13,884,893
Total assets		20,639,714		18,665,246
Liabilities				
Current liabilities Long-term obligations	_	655,762 6,311,225		2,902,442 4,206,075
Total liabilities		6,966,987		7,108,517
Net assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	_	10,271,917 266,623 3,134,187		7,494,831 2,736,885 1,325,013
Total net assets	\$	13,672,727	\$	11,556,729
CONDENSED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS Operating revenues (pledged against bonds) Operating expenses (excluding depreciation) Depreciation	\$	2,172,312 2,370,751 789,158	\$	3,966,224 3,286,000 355,654
Operating (loss) Nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(987,597) 160,783		324,570 119,092
Change in net assets Beginning net assets		(826,814) 14,499,541		443,662 11,113,067
Ending net assets	\$	13,672,727	\$	11,556,729
CONDENSED SYSTEM OF CASH FLOWS Net cash provided by (used in)				
Operating activities Capital and related financing activities Investing activities	\$	(222,710) (656,727) 360,931	\$	50,603 (115,600) 24,698
Net (decrease) in cash Beginning cash	_	(518,506) 3,844,733		(40,299) 3,643,664
Ending cash	\$	3,326,227	<u>\$</u>	3,603,365

10. Contingencies - earned sick leave

Portions of accumulated sick leave at any point in time can be expected to be redeemed before termination of employment; however, such redemptions cannot be reasonably estimated. As of June 30, 2011, City employees had accumulated 2,222 days of sick leave. Additionally eligible retirees of the City are allowed to request to have accumulated sick leave up to 960 hours deposited into their Voluntary Employee Benefit Association (VEBA) account. As of June 30, 2011 \$154,671 of sick leave has been earned by eligible retirees and could be converted to their VEBA account upon retirement.

11. Risk management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; torts; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City purchases commercial insurance for such risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

12. Restricted net assets

Net assets have been restricted for capital projects due to the City implementing legislation for system development charges:

Government	activities.
Covernment	activities.

General	\$ 41,186
State tax street	1,134,811
Total governmental activities	<u>\$ 1,175,997</u>
Business-type activities:	
Water	\$ 528,954
Sewer	1,745,207
Total business-type activities	<u>\$ 2,274,161</u>

Net assets of business-type activities have also been restricted as required by a lender as follows:

State of Oregon Department of Environmental
Quality \$\frac{192,062}{}\$

13. Governmental Fund Balances

A. Categories

Fund balances for governmental funds have been reported in the categories of nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned. The specific purposes for these amounts are as follows:

			Other						
				State	Go	vernmental			
Fund balances:	General			Street Tax	Funds			Total	
Nonspendable:									
Inventory	\$	-	\$	50,178	\$	-	\$	50,178	
Prepaids		25,040		_				25,040	
Restricted for:				•				ŕ	
Capital projects		41,186		1,134,811		-		1,175,997	
Community development		-		-		18,467		18,467	
Tourism		-		-		279,812		279,812	
Highways and streets		-		524,042		-		524,042	
Grant programs		112,417		-		-		112,417	
Other purposes		35,582		-		71,692		107,274	
Committed for:									
Arts commission		36,432		_		~		36,432	
Parks capital		90,048		-		-		90,048	
Library facilities		298,644		-		-		298,644	
Assigned for:									
Parks playground		6,632		-		-		6,632	
Library equipment		48,000		-		-		48,000	
Capital projects		-		-		350,000		350,000	
Unassigned:		1,369,407				(110)		1,369,297	
Total fund balances	\$	2,063,388	\$	1,709,031	\$	719,861	\$	4,492,280	

14. Debt covenants

Net operating revenues, defined as gross operating revenue less operating expenses of the facility, are irrevocably pledged for payment of certain loan obligations. Net operating revenues of the Sewer Fund are pledged to the Oregon Department of Environmental Quality (ODEQ) Sewer Separation Project loan, as well as the 2003/2004 I&I Correction Projects, the Wastewater I & I Infiltration Reduction loan, and the Wastewater Facilities Planning loan (all of which are not currently in re-payment). Revenues of the Water Fund are pledged to the Oregon Economic and Community Development Department (OECDD) loan numbers G04004 and S04004.

In addition to pledged revenues, the OECDD loan number G04004 and S04004 requires the City to charge rates and fees in connection with operation of the Water system adequate to generate net operating revenues each fiscal year of at least 120% of annual debt service due in the fiscal year. Net operating revenue for the Water system for the fiscal year was \$184,438, while 120% of the debt service for the fiscal year was \$654,112.

The ODEQ requires the City to maintain Sewer rates and fees sufficient to generate net operating revenues in each fiscal year of at least 105% of the debt service requirement for the fiscal year. Net operating revenue for the current fiscal year was \$700,749, while 105% of the debt service requirement was \$87,485. The loans for the 2003/2004 I & I Correction Projects, the Wastewater I & I Infiltration Reduction, and the Wastewater Facilities Planning also require Sewer rates and fees sufficient to generate net operating revenues in excess of debt service requirements. However, until these loans enter repayment the annual debt service requirement is not established.

15. Deficit fund balance

As of June 30, 2011, the Community Development Fund has a deficit fund balance of \$110. The deficit will be eliminated in the subsequent year.

15. Prior period adjustment

During the fiscal year \$42,992 was recorded as a prior period adjustment based on reclassification of Street System Development Charges determined to be contractually obligated to be held for deposit on performance of specific development activities.

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COMBINING AND INDIVIDUA	AL FUND STATEME	ENTS AND SCHEDULES
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COMBINING BALANCE SHEET OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2011

		Special Revenue	Wa Im	Capital Projects ater System provement Reserve	Totals
ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$	349,493	\$	350,000	\$ 699,493
Receivables		114,478			 114,478
TOTAL ASSETS	_\$	463,971	\$	350,000	\$ 813,971
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	13,178	\$	-	\$ 13,178
Deferred revenue		80,932			 80,932
TOTAL LIABILITIES		94,110			 94,110
FUND BALANCE					,
Restricted		369,971		_	369,971
Assigned		-		350,000	350,000
Unassigned		(110)			 (110)
TOTAL FUND BALANCE		369,861		350,000	 719,861
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	463,971	\$	350,000	\$ 813,971

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

DEVENIUM		Special Revenue	In	Capital Projects ater System aprovement Reserve	 Totals
REVENUES	_				
Licenses and permits	\$	115,275	\$	-	\$ 115,275
Transient room tax		71,055		-	71,055
Intergovernmental		158,434		-	158,434
Interest		-		4,068	4,068
Miscellaneous		8,125			 8,125
TOTAL REVENUES		352,889		4,068	356,957
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General government		105,581		_	105,581
Public safety		62,903		_	62,903
Culture and recreation		228,304		-	228,304
Debt service		10,000		-	10,000
Capital outlay		33,695			 33,695
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	_	440,483			 440,483
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(87,594)		4,068	(83,526)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out				(4.069)	(4.0.60)
LIGHTLE OUT				(4,068)	 (4,068)
Net change in fund balances		(87,594)		-	(87,594)
Fund balances at beginning of year		457,455		350,000	 807,455
Fund balances at end of year	\$	369,861	\$	350,000	\$ 719,861

COMBINING BALANCE SHEEET SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS June 30, 2011

	St. Helens									
				isitors and	State Revenue		Community			
	Building		Tourism		Sharing		Development		Totals	
<u>ASSETS</u>										
Cash and investments	\$	25,911	\$	278,725	\$	48,750	\$ (3,893)	\$	349,493	
Receivables, net				6,821		22,942	84,715		114,478	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	25,911	\$	285,546	\$	71,692	\$ 80,822	\$	463,971	
<u>LIABILITIES</u>										
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	7,444	\$	5,734	\$	-	\$ -	\$	13,178	
Deferred revenue				<u> </u>			80,932		80,932	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		7,444		5,734		-	80,932		94,110	
FUND BALANCE										
Restricted		18,467		279,812		71,692	-		369,971	
Unassigned			_				(110)		(110)	
TOTAL FUND BALANCE		18,467		279,812		71,692	(110)		369,861	
						-				
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	25,911	\$	285,546	\$	71,692	\$ 80,822	\$	463,971	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Buil		911 Building Emergency		St. Helens Visitors and Tourism		State Revenue Sharing		Community Development		Totals
REVENUES											
Licenses and permits	\$	115,275	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 115,275
Transient room tax		-		-		71,055		_		-	71,055
Intergovernmental		-		62,903		-		95,531		-	158,434
Interest		-		-		-		-		_	· -
Miscellaneous		820			_	625	_	<u> </u>		6,680	8,125
TOTAL REVENUES	_	116,095		62,903		71,680		95,531		6,680	352,889
EXPENDITURES											
Current											
General government		105,581		-		-		_		-	105,581
Public safety		-		62,903		_		_		_	62,903
Culture and recreation		-		-		81,692		139,932		6,680	228,304
Debt service		10,000		_		· -		_		-,	10,000
Capital outlay	_									33,695	33,695
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		115,581		62,903		81,692		139,932		40,375	440,483
Net change in fund balance		514		-		(10,012)		(44,401)		(33,695)	(87,594)
Fund balance at beginning of year		17,953				289,824		116,093		33,585	457,455
Fund balance at end of year	\$	18,467	\$	-	\$	279,812	\$	71,692	\$	(110)	\$ 369,861

BUILDING - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

	 Budget	 Actual	 Variance
REVENUES			
Licenses and permits	\$ 111,808	\$ 115,275	\$ 3,467
Miscellaneous	 100	 820	 720
TOTAL REVENUES	 111,908	 116,095	 4,187
EXPENDITURES			
Personal services	87,167	79,215	7,952
Materials and services	40,381	36,366	4,015
Contingency	 4,371	 	 4,371
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 131,919	 115,581	 16,338
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(20,011)	514	20,525
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Proceeds from long-term obligations	 10,000	 -	 (10,000)
Net change in fund balance	(10,011)	514	10,525
Fund balance at beginning of year	 10,011	 17,953	 7,942
Fund balance at end of year	\$ _	\$ 18,467	\$ 18,467

911 EMERGENCY - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

	E	Budget	 Actual	 Variance
REVENUES Intergovernmental	\$	65,000	\$ 62,903	\$ (2,097)
EXPENDITURES Materials and services		65,000	 62,903	 2,097
Net change in fund balance Fund balance at beginning of year		-	 -	 <u>-</u>
Fund balance at end of year	\$	•	\$ 	\$

ST. HELENS VISITORS AND TOURISM - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Budget		Actual		Variance	
REVENUES Transient room tax Miscellaneous	\$	70,000	\$	71,055 625	\$	1,055 625
TOTAL REVENUES		70,000		71,680		1,680
EXPENDITURES						
Materials and services		87,000		81,692		5,308
Contingency		28,000				28,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		115,000		81,692		33,308
Net change in fund balance		(45,000)		(10,012)		34,988
Fund balance at beginning of year		45,000		289,824		244,824
Fund balance at end of year	\$		\$	279,812	\$	279,812

STATE REVENUE SHARING - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

DEVENING		Budget		Actual	Variance	
REVENUES Intergovernmental	<u>\$</u>	104,962	\$	95,531	\$	(9,431)
EXPENDITURES						
Materials and services		142,500		139,932		2,568
Contingency		88,246	-	-		88,246
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		230,746		139,932		90,814
Net change in fund balance		(125,784)		(44,401)		81,383
Fund balance at beginning of year		125,784		116,093		(9,691)
Fund balance at end of year	\$	-	<u>\$</u>	71,692	\$	71,692

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

		iginal and Final Budget	A atrial	T 7*
REVENUES		Buuget	 Actual	 Variance
Intergovernmental Miscellaneous	\$	50,000 56,822	\$ 6,680	\$ (50,000) (50,142)
TOTAL REVENUES		106,822	 6,680	 (100,142)
EXPENDITURES				
Materials and services Capital outlay		56,822 50,000	 6,680 33,695	 50,142 16,305
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		106,822	 40,375	 66,447
Net change in fund balance Fund balance at beginning of year		-	 (33,695) 33,585	 (33,695) 33,585
Fund balance at end of year	\$	-	\$ (110)	\$ (110)

WATER SYSTEM IMPROVEMENT RESERVE - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

TO THE A THE PARTY THE CO		Budget	Actual	Variance	
REVENUES Interest	\$	5,000	4,068	\$	(932)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out		(5,000)	(4,068)		932
Net change in fund balance Fund balance at beginning of year		350,000	350,000		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	350,000	\$ 350,000	\$	<u> </u>

WATER - ENTERPRISE FUND (A MAJOR FUND) STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Budget	Actual	Variance
REVENUES			
Charges for services	\$ 2,347,810	\$ 2,172,312	\$ (175,498)
Interest	20,000	26,421	6,421
Miscellaneous	85,000	57,086	(27,914)
Watershed logging	300,000	481,588	181,588
TOTAL REVENUES	2,752,810	2,737,407	(15,403)
EXPENDITURES			
Personal services	1,440,572	1,434,702	5,870
Materials and services	1,337,127	1,118,265	218,862
Capital outlay	1,159,000	111,633	1,047,367
Debt service	545,093	545,093	-,, <u>-</u>
Operating contingencies	710,000		710,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	5,191,792	3,209,693	1,982,099
Net change in fund balance	(2,438,982)	(472,286)	1,966,696
Fund balance at beginning of year	2,438,982	4,064,431	1,625,449
Fund balance at end of year	<u>\$ -</u>	3,592,145	\$ 3,592,145
Reconciliation to generally accepted accounting	g principles		
Capital assets, net		16,871,812	
Accrued interest payable		(146,355)	
Compensated absences payable		(44,980)	
Long-term obligations		(6,599,895)	
Net assets - ending		\$ 13,672,727	

SEWER - ENTERPRISE FUND (A MAJOR FUND) STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Budget	Actual	Variance
REVENUES			
Charges for services	\$ 4,633,899	\$ 3,966,224	\$ (667,675)
Interest	42,535	24,698	(17,837)
Miscellaneous	108,832	173,572	64,740
TOTAL REVENUES	4,785,266	4,164,494	(620,772)
EXPENDITURES			
Collection sewer services			
Personal services	1,232,414	1,215,410	17,004
Materials and services	598,492	578,563	19,929
Capital outlay	5,827,000	2,216,270	3,610,730
Debt service	419,409	83,318	336,091
Total collection sewer services	8,077,315	4,093,561	3,983,754
Secondary sewer service			
Personal services	490,018	468,511	21,507
Materials and services	488,400	345,154	143,246
Capital outlay	115,000	17,151	97,849
Total secondary sewer service	1,093,418	830,816	262,602
Primary sewer service			
Personal services	343,714	333,150	10,564
Materials and services	698,960	185,613	513,347
Capital outlay	981,000	624,827	356,173
Total primary sewer service	2,023,674	1,143,590	880,084

SEWER - ENTERPRISE FUND (A MAJOR FUND) STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued)

	Budget	Actual	Variance
EXPENDITURES (continued)			
Stormwater sewer services			
Personal services	\$ 247,467	\$ 241,205	\$ 6,262
Materials and services	101,680	96,139	5,541
Capital outlay	900,000	27,351	872,649
Total stormwater sewer services	1,249,147	364,695	884,452
Contingency	530,000		530,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	12,973,554	6,432,662	6,540,892
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(9 199 299)	(2.269.169)	
Expenditures	(8,188,288)	(2,268,168)	5,920,120
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES			
Loan proceeds	6,600,000	2,630,967	(3,969,033)
Net change in fund balance	(1,588,288)	362,799	1,951,087
Fund balance at beginning of year	1,588,288	3,603,007	2,014,719
Fund balance at end of year	\$	3,965,806	\$ 3,965,806
Reconciliation to generally accepted accounting	principles		
Capital assets, net		13,884,893	
Deferred revenue		317,048	
Accrued interest payable		(150,425)	
Compensated absences payable		(70,531)	
Long-term obligations		(6,390,062)	
Net assets - ending		\$ 11,556,729	

FLEET MAINTENANCE - INTERNAL SERVICE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

		Budget	Actual		Variance
REVENUES			 		
Charges for interfund services					
Street	\$	61,633	\$ 61,633	\$	_
Water		73,960	73,960	•	_
Storm drain		12,327	12,327		_
Sewer		36,980	36,980		_
Secondary sewer		36,980	36,980		_
Primary sewer		24,653	 24,653		
Total charges for interfund services		246,533	 246,533		
EXPENDITURES					
Personal services		177,303	174,663		2,640
Materials and services		74,637	58,726		15,911
Capital outlay		10,000	_		10,000
Contingency		20,000	 		20,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		281,940	 233,389		48,551
Net change in fund balance		(35,407)	13,144		48,551
Fund balance at beginning of year		35,407	 7,482		(27,925)
Fund balance at end of year	\$	_	20,626	\$	20,626
Reconciliation to generally accepted accounting pri	ncipl	es			
Capital assets, net			 98,859		
Net assets - ending			\$ 119,485		

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT REQUIRED BY THE MINIMUM STANDARDS FOR AUDITS OF OREGON MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT REQUIRED BY THE MINIMUM STANDARDS FOR AUDITS OF OREGON MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council CITY OF ST. HELENS St. Helens, Oregon

We have audited the basic financial statements of the CITY OF ST. HELENS as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, and have issued our report thereon dated January 5, 2012. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the CITY OF ST. HELENS' financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-240 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statements amounts. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. As such, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

We performed procedures to the extent we considered necessary to address the required comments and disclosures which included, but were not limited to the following:

- Deposit of public funds with financial institutions (ORS Chapter 295).
- Indebtedness limitations, restrictions and repayment.
- Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294).
- Insurance and fidelity bonds in force or required by law.
- Programs funded from outside sources.
- Highway revenues used for public highways, roads, and streets.
- Authorized investment of surplus funds (ORS Chapter 294).
- Public contracts and purchasing (ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, 279C).

In connection with our testing nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe the City was not in substantial compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-240 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations.

ALBANY: 321 1st AVENUE E STE 2A
ALBANY, OR 97321 PHONE: (541) 928-6500 FAX: (541) 928-6501

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT REQUIRED BY THE MINIMUM STANDARDS FOR AUDITS OF OREGON MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS (continued)

Internal Control OAR 162-10-0230

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting.

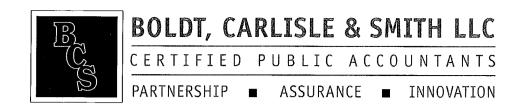
In connection with our audit we have issued a letter to management, as required by statement of auditing standards No. 115, communicating significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal controls.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the board of directors/council members and management of CITY OF ST. HELENS and the Oregon Secretary of State and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these parties.

Boldt, Carlisle & Smith 110

Certified Public Accountants Salem, Oregon January 5, 2012

GRANT COMPLIANCE - SINGLE AUDIT



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council CITY OF ST. HELENS St. Helens, Oregon

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of CITY OF ST. HELENS as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 5, 2012. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS (Continued)

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs that we consider to be significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting (see findings 2011-1 and 2011-2). A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

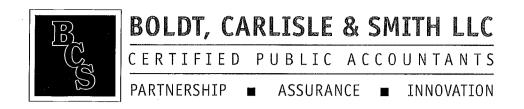
Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended for the information and use of management, City Council, others within the entity, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Boldt, Carlisle & Smith 110

Certified Public Accountants Salem, Oregon January 5, 2012



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS THAT COULD HAVE A DIRECT AND MATERIAL EFFECT ON EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council CITY OF ST. HELENS St. Helens, Oregon

Compliance

We have audited the City's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2010. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, CITY OF ST. HELENS complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2010.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS THAT COULD HAVE A DIRECT AND MATERIAL EFFECT ON EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133 (Continued)

Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of CITY OF ST. HELENS is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, City Council, others within the entity, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Boldt, Carlisle & Smith. 120

Certified Public Accountants Salem, Oregon January 5, 2012

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Section 1	Summary	of Auditors	' Results

Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee:

Section 1 Summary of Auditors' Results	_
Financial Statements	
Type of auditor's report issued:	Unqualified
Internal controls over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified?	No
Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)?	Yes
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	No
Federal awards	
Internal control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified?	No
Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)?	None reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unqualified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section 510(a) of Circular A-133?	No
Identification of major programs:	
CFDA Number(s) Name of Federal Program or Cluster	
66.458 Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Funds	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	\$ 300,000

No

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

2011 - 1 Controls over utility billing rates

Criteria:

Controls should be in place to limit the ability of staff to set and adjust billing rates in the

utility billing system.

Condition:

The Utility Billing Clerks have access to setup and change the billing rate applied to a

customers billing calculation.

Cause:

Utility Billing Clerks could make adjustments to billing rates outside the review and control of the monitoring procedures establish to ensure accurate billings to customers.

Effect:

The City could over or under bill customers if the billing rates were modified.

Response:

Security in Springbrook Software will be updated in January 2012 to only allow the Accounting Assistance and the Finance Director the authority to update the rate tables.

2011 - 2 Reimbursements recorded as negative expenditures.

Criteria:

Certain departments of the City have found specific resources to support expenditures of

their department.

Condition:

We noted receipts that had been recorded as negative expenditures instead of being

accounted for as revenues.

Cause:

Department heads are allowed to direct the general ledger recording of the departments

revenues and expenditures.

Effect:

Departments could spend certain line items in excess of budgeted expenditures when receipts are offsetting the actual expenditures of the City. Management would not have the opportunity to make decisions on the use of receipts that were not recorded as

Response:

The Finance Director has already emphasized to the City Department Heads that reimbursement receipts would only be applied on a limited basis to expenditure lines. In January 2012, the Finance Director will implement further written guidelines requiring all reimbursements that may have valid justification to be applied to expenditures be

signed off by the Finance Director before being recorded.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Federal CFDA Number	Expenditures
		Expenditures
DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY		
Passed through Oregon Millitary Department Office of Emergency Management	-	
State Homeland Security Grant Program	97.073	\$ 56,750
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR		
Passed through Oregon State Marine Board	_	
Clean Vessel Act (CVA)	15.616	525
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE	_	
Passed through Tillamook County		
ARRA Rural Law Enforcement Assitance Combatting Rural Crime	16.810	69,460
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assitance Grant Program	16.738	12,363
Total Department of Justice		81,823
ENVIROMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY	_	
Office of Water	-	
Passed through Oregon Department of Enviromental Quality		
Capitalization Grant for Clean Water State Revovling Funds		
ARRA Wastewater Inflow and Infiltration Reduction	66.458	2,122,218
TOTAL FEDERAL EXPENDITURES		\$ 2,261,316

NOTE TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is a summary of the City's federal award programs presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.