City of St. Helens ORDINANCE NO. 3232

AN ORDINANCE AMENDING THE ST. HELENS MUNICIPAL CODE CHAPTERS 17.16, 17.24, 17.32, 17.96, 17.108, 17.120, AND 17.128

WHEREAS, pursuant to St. Helens Municipal Code 17.20.020(1)(c) the Planning Director initiated a legislative change to adopt text amendments to the Community Development Code (St. Helens Municipal Code Title 17); and

WHEREAS, pursuant to the St. Helens Municipal Code and Oregon Revised Statutes, the City has provided notice to: the Oregon Department of Land Conservation and Development on June 1, 2018, and the local newspaper of record on June 27, 2018; and

WHEREAS, the St. Helens Planning Commission did hold a duly noticed public hearing on July 10, 2018 and, following deliberation, made a recommendation of approval to the City Council; and

WHEREAS, the St. Helens City Council conducted a public hearing on August 15, 2018 and having the responsibility to approve, approve with modifications, or deny an application for a legislative change, has deliberated and found that based on the information in the record and the applicable criteria in the SHMC that the code amendments be approved.

NOW, THEREFORE, THE CITY OF ST. HELENS DOES ORDAIN AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. The above recitations are true and correct and are incorporated herein by reference.

<u>Section 2.</u> The City of St. Helens Municipal Code (Development Code) is hereby amended, attached hereto as **Attachment** "A" and made part of this reference.

<u>Section 3.</u> In support of the code amendments described herein, the Council hereby adopts the Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, attached hereto as **Attachment "B"** and made part of this reference.

Section 4. Severability. If any section, provision, clause, sentence, or paragraph of this Ordinance or the application thereof to any person or circumstances shall be held invalid, such invalidity shall not affect the other sections, provisions, clauses or paragraphs of this Ordinance which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this Ordinance are declared to be servable. This City Council hereby declares that it would have adopted this ordinance irrespective of the invalidity of any particular portion thereof and intends that the invalid portions should be severed and the balance of the ordinance be enforced.

Section 5. Provisions of this Ordinance shall be incorporated in the St. Helens Municipal Code and the word "ordinance" may be changed to "code," "article," "section," or another word, and the sections of this Ordinance may be renumbered, or re-lettered, provided however that Whereas clauses and boilerplate provisions need not be codified.

Section 6. The effective date of this Ordinance shall be 30 days after approval, in accordance with the City Charter and other applicable laws.

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Read the first time: September 5, 2018 Read the second time: September 19, 2018

APPROVED AND ADOPTED this 19th day of September, 2018 by the following vote:

Ayes: Locke, Carlson, Conn, Morten, Shholl

Nays: None

Rick Scholl, Mayor

ATTEST:

Kathy Payne, City Recorder

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[...] means skipping text as it reads in the code (e.g., to focus on text being edited in this document)

CHAPTER 17.16 DEFINITIONS

[...]

17.16.010 General and land use definitions.

Words used in this Development Code have their normal dictionary meaning unless they are listed below. Words listed below have the specific meaning stated, unless the context clearly indicates another meaning.

The definition of words with specific meaning in the Development Code are as follows:

[...]

"Dwelling, auxiliary or accessory" means a second dwelling unit added to a lot with a detached or attached single unit dwelling and occupied by no more than one person per 300 square feet of unit living area and in compliance with the requirements of Chapter 17.128 SHMC an interior dwelling unit or attached or detached residential dwelling unit structure that is used in connection with, or that is accessory to, a detached single-family dwelling unit (principal dwelling) and is located on the same lot or parcel as the principal dwelling. Auxiliary Dwelling Units are subject to Chapter 17.128 SHMC.

[...]

"Shopping plaza" means a group (two to seven business units) of commercial establishments planned, constructed and managed as a total entity with customer and employee parking provided on site, provision for goods delivery separated from customer access, aesthetic considerations and protection from the elements (also "mini mall").

"Short-term rental" means the use of a dwelling unit or rooms within a dwelling unit by a person or groups of persons entitled to occupy for rent for a period of less than 31 consecutive days. Short-term rental does not include: (a) bed and breakfast, homestay, boarding house; (b) lodging facilities or rooming house; or (c) hotels and motels.

Side Lot Line. See "lot line – side."

[...]

CHAPTER 17.24 PROCEDURES FOR DECISION-MAKING – QUASI-JUDICIAL

17.24.040 Preapplication conference.

[...]

- (4) The following applications are exempt from the preapplication requirement of this section:
 - (a) Tree removal permit.
 - (b) Accessory structure permit.
 - (c) Home occupation permit, Type I.
 - (d) (c) Nonconforming determination.
 - (e) (d) Sign permits.

[...]

17.24.120 Notice of decision by the director.

[...]

(1) Notice of the director's decision on an application pursuant to SHMC 17.24.090 shall be given by the director in the following manner:

[...]

- (ii) All surrounding property owners of record of property within the applicable notice area of the property for the following types of director decisions:
 - (A) Home occupations Type I, unlisted uses: abutting properties;
- (B) (A) Lot line adjustments, major site design reviews, minor modifications to conditional use permits, sensitive lands, temporary uses, accessory structures: 100 feet;
 - (C) (B) Land partitions: 200 feet;
 - (D) (C) Expedited land divisions: 300 feet;
 - (iii) For home occupations Type II, see SHMC 17.120.060;

[...]

CHAPTER 17.32 ZONES AND USES

[...]

17.32.050 Suburban Residential Zone - R10

[...]

(2) Uses Permitted Outright. In an R-10 zone, the following uses are permitted outright: (a) Auxiliary dwelling unit (per Chapter 17.128 SHMC).

- (a) (b) Home child care.
- (b) (c) Home occupation, Types I and II (after compliance with per Chapter 17.120 SHMC).
 - (c) (d) Public facilities, minor.

[editor's note - re-lettering to continue through list of permitted uses]

[...]

- (3) Conditional Uses (See Chapter 17.100 SHMC). In an R-10 zone, the following conditional uses may be permitted upon application:
 - (a) Auxiliary dwelling units.
 - (b) (a) Children's day care or day nursery.

[editor's note - re-lettering to continue through list of conditional uses]

[...]

17.32.060 Moderate Residential Zone – R7

[...]

- (2) Uses Permitted Outright. In an R-7 zone, the following uses are permitted outright:
 - (a) Auxiliary dwelling unit (per Chapter 17.128 SHMC).
 - (a) (b) Home child care.
- (b) (c) Home occupation, Types I and II (after compliance with per Chapter 17.120 SHMC).
 - (e) (d) Public facilities, minor

[editor's note – re-lettering to continue through list of permitted uses]

[...]

- (3) Conditional Uses (See Chapter 17.100 SHMC). In an R-7 zone, the following conditional uses may be permitted upon application:
 - (a) Auxiliary dwelling units.
 - (b) (a) Bed and breakfast, homestay, boarding house.

[editor's note – re-lettering to continue through list of conditional uses]

[...]

17.32.070 General Residential Zone - R5

- (2) Uses Permitted Outright. In an R-5 zone, the following uses are permitted outright:
 - (a) Auxiliary dwelling unit (per Chapter 17.128 SHMC).
 - (a) (b) Duplex dwelling units.
 - (b) (c) Home child care.
 - (c) (d) Home occupation, Types I and II (per Chapter 17.120 SHMC).
 - (d) (e) Public facility, minor.

[editor's note - re-lettering to continue through list of permitted uses]

[...]

- (3) Conditional Uses (See Chapter 17.100 SHMC). In an R-5 zone, the following conditional uses may be permitted upon application:
 - (a) Auxiliary dwelling units.
 - (b) (a) Bed and breakfast, homestay, boarding house.

[editor's note - re-lettering to continue through list of conditional uses]

[...]

17.32.080 Apartment Residential Zone – AR

[...]

- (2) Uses Permitted Outright. In an AR zone, the following uses are permitted outright:
 - (a) Auxiliary dwelling unit (per Chapter 17.128 SHMC).
 - (a) (b) Duplex dwelling units.
 - (b) (c) Home child care.
 - (e) (d) Home occupation, Types I and II (per Chapter 17.120 SHMC).
 - (d) (e) Multidwelling units residential facilities.

[editor's note - re-lettering to continue through list of permitted uses]

[...]

- (3) Conditional Uses (See Chapter 17.100 SHMC). In an AR zone, the following conditional uses may be permitted upon application:
 - (a) Auxiliary dwelling units.
 - (b) (a) Bed and breakfast, homestay, boarding house.

[editor's note - re-lettering to continue through list of conditional uses]

[...]

17.32.090 Mobile Home Residential Zone – MHR

[...]

- (2) Uses Permitted Outright. In the MHR zone, the following uses and their accessory uses are permitted outright:
 - (a) Auxiliary dwelling unit (per Chapter 17.128 SHMC).
 - (a) (b) Home child care.
 - (b) (c) Home occupation, Types I and II (per Chapter 17.120 SHMC).
 - (e) (d) Mobile home parks.

[editor's note - re-lettering to continue through list of permitted uses]

[...]

- (3) Conditional Uses (See Chapter 17.100 SHMC). In the MHR zone, the following conditional uses may be permitted upon application to the commission, subject to the provisions of Chapter 17.100 SHMC:
 - (a) Auxiliary dwelling units.
 - (b) (a) Bed and breakfast, homestay, boarding house.

[editor's note - re-lettering to continue through list of conditional uses]

[...]

17.32.095 Mixed Use Zone - MU

- (2) Uses Permitted Outright. In an MU zone, the following uses are permitted outright subject to the provisions of this code and especially the chapter on site development review (Chapter 17.96 SHMC):
 - (a) Animal sales and services: grooming, kennels, retail and veterinary (small animals).
 - (b) Auxiliary dwelling unit (per Chapter 17.128 SHMC).
 - (b) (c) Car washes.
 - (e) (d) Congregate housing.
 - (d) (e) Continuing care retirement community.
 - (e) (f) Cultural and library services.
- (f) (g) Dwellings: single detached or attached, duplexes, and dwellings above permitted uses.
 - (g) (h) Eating and drinking establishments.
 - (h) (i) Equipment (small) sales, rental and repairs.
 - (i) (j) Financial institutions.
 - (i) (k) Hardware store, without outdoor storage.
 - (k) (l) Home child care.
 - (1) (m) Home occupation, Types I and II (per Chapter 17.120 SHMC).
 - (m) (n) Hotels and motels.

[editor's note - re-lettering to continue through list of permitted uses]

- (3) Conditional Uses. In the MU zone, the following conditional uses may be permitted upon application, subject to provision of Chapter 17.100 SHMC and other relevant sections of this code:
 - (a) Auxiliary dwelling units.
 - (b) (a) Amusement services.

[editor's note - re-lettering to continue through list of conditional uses]

[...]

17.32.100 Highway Commercial – HC

[...]

- (2) Uses Permitted Outright. In an HC zone, the following uses are permitted outright subject to the provisions of this code and in particular the chapter on site development review (Chapter 17.96 SHMC):
- (a) Animal sales and services: grooming, kennels, retail, veterinary (small animals), and veterinary (large animals).
 - (b) Boat, trailer and recreational vehicle equipment sales, service and repair.
- (c) Building supply firms that conduct business completely within an enclosed building except for outdoor storage.
 - (d) Bus and train stations/terminals.
 - (e) Car washes.
 - (f) Drive-up facilities (see specific requirements in Chapter 17.100 SHMC).
 - (g) Eating and drinking establishments, including drive-up and carry-out.
- (h) Financial institutions, including drive-through (see specific requirements in Chapter 17.100 SHMC).
 - (i) Gasoline stations.
 - (i) Home occupation (per Chapter 17.120 SHMC).
 - (i) (k) Motels and hotels.

[editor's note - re-lettering to continue through list of permitted uses]

- (3) Conditional Uses. In the HC zone, the following conditional uses may be permitted upon application, subject to provision of Chapter 17.100 SHMC and other relevant sections of this code:
 - (a) Amusement services.
 - (b) Dry cleaners and laundromats.
 - (c) Dwelling units above outright permitted uses.
 - (d) Funeral homes.
 - (e) Home occupation in dwelling unit (per Chapter 17.120 SHMC).

(f) (e) Hospitals.

[editor's note - re-lettering to continue through list of conditional uses]

[...]

17.32.110 General Commercial - GC

[...]

(2) Uses Permitted Outright. In a GC zone, the following uses are permitted outright subject to the provisions of this code and especially the chapter on site development review (Chapter 17.96 SHMC):

[...]

(j) Home occupation in dwelling unit (per Chapter 17.120 SHMC).

[...]

17.32.171 Riverfront District - RD, Marina

[...]

(2) Uses Permitted Outright. In the marina subdistrict the following uses are permitted outright subject to the provisions of this code and especially the site development review chapter (Chapter 17.96 SHMC):

[...]

(f) Home occupation in dwelling unit (per Chapter 17.120 SHMC).

[...]

17.32.172 Riverfront District – RD, Plaza

- (2) Uses Permitted Outright. In the plaza subdistrict, the following uses are permitted outright, subject to the modifications to development standards and conditions as specified herein and all other applicable provisions of this code as noted under additional requirements:
- (a) Historic residential structures with or without any auxiliary dwelling unit per Chapter 17.128 SHMC. This is listed here separate from other residential uses given SHMC 17.32.172(5)(a)(i). This does not mean historic residential structures are prohibited in other zones per SHMC 17.32.040(3)(a).
 - (b) Residential above Nonresidential Permitted Uses.

- (i) Dwelling, single-family.
- (ii) Dwelling, duplex.
- (iii) Dwelling, townhouse.
- (iv) Dwelling, multifamily.
- (v) Other residential uses as per ORS Chapter 443.
- (c) Home occupation (per Chapter 17.120 SHMC).
- (e) (d) Public and institutional uses.

[editor's note - re-lettering to continue through list of permitted uses]

[...]

17.32.173 Riverfront District – RD, Mill

[...]

- (2) Uses Permitted Outright. The following uses are permitted outright, subject to all provisions of the SHMC including specifically the modifications to development standards and conditions specified in this section. Moreover, the applicable provisions of Chapter 17.96 SHMC, Site Development Review, apply, except those modified by this chapter.
 - (a) Residential.
 - (i) Single dwelling units, attached.
 - (ii) Multidwelling units.
 - (iii) Auxiliary dwelling unit (per Chapter 17.128 SHMC).

[...]

(e) Commercial.

[...]

(xxii) Type I and II h Home occupation (per Chapter 17.120 SHMC).

[...]

17.32.180 Houlton Business District - HBD

- (2) Uses Permitted Outright. In the HBD zone, the following uses are permitted outright, subject to the modifications to development standards and conditions as specified herein and all other applicable provisions of this code as noted under additional requirements:
- (a) Historic residential structures (as listed in the comprehensive plan) with or without any auxiliary dwelling unit per Chapter 17.128 SHMC, and nonresidential historic structures (as listed in the comprehensive plan).
 - (b) (a) Dwellings: single detached or attached, duplexes, and dwellings above permitted

uses.

- (b) Auxiliary dwelling unit (per Chapter 17.128 SHMC).
- (c) Public and institutional uses

[...]

(mm) Type I and II hHome occupation (per Chapter 17.120 SHMC).

[...]

- (3) Conditional Uses. In the HBD zone, the following conditional uses may be permitted upon application, subject to provisions of Chapter 17.100 SHMC and other relevant sections of this code:
 - (a) Animal sales and services: veterinary (small animals).
 - (b) Auction sales, services and repairs.
 - (c) Auxiliary dwelling units.
 - (d) (c) Broadcast facilities without dishes over 36 inches or transmitter/receiver towers.

[editor's note - re-lettering to continue through list of conditional uses]

[...]

CHAPTER 17.96 SITE DEVELOPMENT REVIEW

[...]

17.96.020 Applicability of provisions.

Site development review shall be applicable to all new developments and major modification of existing developments, as provided in SHMC 17.96.070, except it shall not apply to:

[...]

- (6) Home child care;
- (7) Home occupations, Type I and Type II;
- (8) Temporary use;

[...]

CHAPTER 17.108 VARIANCE

17.108.050 Criteria for granting a variance.

[...]

- (4) The setback requirements in the applicable zone may be reduced up to 20 percent (a reduction of 20 percent of the required setback) and/or the lot coverage standards increased up to five percent (maximum specified lot coverage plus five percent) without a variance, provided the following standards are satisfied:
- (a) The reduction of the setback area or increase in lot coverage established by the applicable zoning district shall be necessary to allow for the enlargement or remodeling of an existing building, or accessory structure, or Auxiliary Dwelling Unit;
- (b) The increase in lot coverage established by the applicable zoning district may also allow for new accessory structures, or Auxiliary Dwelling Unit;
- (c) The garage setback to the front property line satisfies the requirements of the applicable zoning district;
 - (d) The standards of Chapter 17.76 SHMC, Visual Clearance Areas, shall be satisfied;
- (e) The proposed building, accessory structure, or addition, or Auxiliary Dwelling Unit shall not encroach upon any existing easements;
- (f) When the proposed building or addition is within the rear yard, the setback adjacent to the rear property line shall be landscaped with sight-obscuring plantings in accordance with the standards set forth in SHMC 17.72.080, Buffering and screening requirements; and
- (g) Setback, buffering and screening requirements that apply when commercial and industrial zones abut a residential zone shall be satisfied.

[...]

CHAPTER 17.120 HOME OCCUPATION

Sections:	
17.120.010	Purpose.
17.120.020	Applicability and exemptions.
17.120.040	General aApproval criteria and standards.
17.120.050	Type I and Type II home occupations defined Prohibited home occupations and
	residential business ventures.
17.120.060	Permit procedures for Type I and Type II home occupations.
17.120.070	Submission requirements for Type II home occupation applications.
17.120.080	Conditions applicable to Type II home occupation approvals.
17.120.090	Revocation and expiration of home occupation permits.
17.120.100	Action regarding complaints and violation of standards.
17.120.110	Notice of decision and appeals.
17.120.120	Penalties.

17.120.020 Applicability and exemptions.

- (1) No person shall carry on a home occupation, or permit such use to occur, on property which that person owns or is in lawful control of, contrary to the provisions of this chapter.
 - (2) Exemptions from the provisions of this chapter are:
 - (a) Garage sales;
- (b) For-profit production of produce or other food products grown on the premises. This may include temporary or seasonal sale of produce or other food products grown on the premises. Farming activities shall be consistent with the definition of farming contained in Chapter 17.16 SHMC (definitions);
 - (c) Hobbies which do not result in payment to those engaged in such activity; and
- (d) Business ventures that exhibit no evidence that a business is being conducted from the premises and comply with the following:
- (i) There are no outside volunteers or employees to be engaged in the business activity other than the persons principally residing on the premises;
- (ii) There is no exterior signage which identifies the property as a business location, except for vehicle signs as defined by Chapter 17.88 SHMC;
 - (iii) There are no clients or customers to visit the premises for any reason;
 - (iv) There is no exterior storage of materials; and
 - (v) The business venture does not exceed the provisions of SHMC 17.120.040(4); and
 - (d) (e) Proven nonconforming home occupations as per SHMC 17.104.040(4)(e).
- (3) A home occupation permit and associated fee is required for each property on which a home occupation is undertaken.

17.120.040 General a Approval criteria and standards.

All home occupations except those that have proven nonconforming status shall observe the following criteria in addition to the standards established for Type I and Type II uses described in SHMC 17.120.050 comply with the following.

- (1) Home occupations may be undertaken only by the principal occupant(s) of a residential property;
 - (2) There shall be no more than three deliveries per week to the residence by suppliers;
- (3) There shall be no offensive noise, vibration, smoke, dust, odors, heat or glare noticeable at or beyond the property line resulting from the operation. Home occupations shall observe the provisions of Chapter 17.52 SHMC, Environmental Performance Standards;
- (4) The home occupation shall be operated entirely within the dwelling unit and any conforming accessory structure. The total area which may be used in the accessory building for either material product storage and/or the business activity shall not exceed 600 square feet. Otherwise, the home occupation and associated storage of materials and products shall not occupy more than 25 percent of the combined residence and accessory structure gross floor area. The indoor storage of materials or products shall not exceed the limitations imposed by the provisions of the building, fire, health, and housing codes;
- (5) A home occupation shall not make necessary a change in the applicable building code (as administered by the building official) use classification of a dwelling unit. Any accessory building that is used must meet the applicable building code requirements and be in conformance with Chapter 17.124 SHMC;

- (6) More than one business activity constituting two or more home occupations shall be allowed on one property only if the combined floor space of the business activities does not exceed 25 percent of the combined gross floor area of the residence and accessory structure. Each home occupation shall apply for a separate home occupation permit, if required as per this chapter, and each shall also have separate business licenses;
- (7) There shall be no storage and/or distribution of toxic or flammable materials, nor spray-painting or spray-finishing operations that involve toxic or flammable materials which in the judgment of the fire marshal pose a dangerous risk to the residence, its occupants, and/or surrounding properties. Those individuals which are engaged in home occupations shall make available to the fire marshal for review the Material Safety Data Sheets which pertain to all potentially toxic and/or flammable materials associated with the use;
- (8) No home occupation shall require any on- or off-street parking other than that normally required for a residence;
 - (9) The following uses are not allowed as home occupations:
 - (a) Auto body repair and painting;
 - (b) Ongoing mechanical repair conducted outside of an entirely enclosed building;
 - (c) Junk and salvage operations; and
 - (d) Storage and/or sale of fireworks;
- (10) (9) There shall be no exterior storage of vehicles of any kind used for the business except that one commercially licensed vehicle of not longer than 25 feet or taller than 12 feet may be parked outside of a structure or screened area-:
- (10) No more than one nonilluminated sign, not exceeding one and one-half square feet, which shall be attached to the residence or accessory structure or placed in a window shall be allowed;
- (11) No more than one outside volunteer or employee who is not a principal resident of the premises shall be allowed;
- (12) No more than six daily customers or clients. Customers and clients shall not visit the business between the hours of 10:00 p.m. and 8:00 a.m. and shall not generate excessive traffic or monopolize on-street parking;
- (13) Any exterior storage of materials, goods, and equipment shall be screened entirely from view by a solid fence. Storage shall not exceed five percent of the total lot area and shall not occur within the front yard or the required side yard setback. If not proposed, exterior storage shall not be allowed. A new home occupation permit would be required; and
- (14) Home occupation shall be listed as a permitted use in the applicable zoning district and the dwelling unit shall be legally established.

17.120.050 Type I and Type II home occupations defined Prohibited home occupations and residential business ventures.

Home occupations shall be administered as either Type I or Type II uses. A separate home occupation permit and/or fee is required for each property on which a Type II home occupation is undertaken. In addition to the general criteria outlined in SHMC 17.120.040, home occupations shall observe the following additional standards:

- (1) Type I Home Occupations. A Type I home occupation shall exhibit no evidence that a business is being conducted from the premises. A Type I home occupation shall not permit:
 - (a) Outside volunteers or employees to be engaged in the business activity other than the

persons principally residing on the premises;

- (b) Exterior signage which identifies the property as a business location;
- (c) Clients or customers to visit the premises for any reason;
- (d) Exterior storage of materials; or
- (e) Exterior storage of vehicles of any kind primarily used in the business that is obvious by advertising or other features.
- (2) Type II Home Occupations. Property on which a Type II home occupation is located may show evidence that a business is being conducted from the premises. Therefore, the following is allowed for Type II home occupations:
- (a) One nonilluminated sign, not exceeding one and one-half square feet, which shall be attached to the residence or accessory structure or placed in a window;
- (b) No more than one outside volunteer or employee who is not a principal resident of the premises;
- (c) No more than six daily customers or clients. Customers and clients may not visit the business between the hours of 10:00 p.m. and 8:00 a.m. and shall not generate excessive traffic or monopolize on street parking;
- (d) Storage of materials, goods, and equipment which is screened entirely from view by a solid fence. Storage shall not exceed five percent of the total lot area and shall not occur within the front yard or the required side yard setback.

The following uses are not allowed as home occupations or business ventures in or associated with dwelling units:

- (1) Auto body repair and painting;
- (2) Ongoing mechanical repair conducted outside of an entirely enclosed building:
- (3) Junk and salvage operations; and
- (4) Storage and/or sale of fireworks.

17.120.060 Permit procedures for Type I and Type II home occupations.

- (1) Type I and II Home Occupations. A person wishing to engage in a Type I or Type II home occupation must be a principal occupant of the property, pay a one-time review fee to the city, agree to abide by the provisions of this chapter, and acquire an annual business license.
- (2) Additional Permit Procedures for Type II Home Occupations. A person wishing to engage in a Type II home occupation is required to have a preapplication conference with city staff in accordance with SHMC 17.24.040 and is also required to submit an application and a fee.
- (a) The decision to approve, approve with conditions, or deny an application for a Type II home occupation permit shall be made by the director upon findings of whether or not the proposed use:
 - (i) Is in conformance with the standards contained in this chapter;
 - (ii) Will be subordinate to the residential use of the property; and
- (iii) Is undertaken in a manner that is not detrimental nor disruptive in terms of appearance or operation to neighboring properties and residents;
- (b) The director's decision to deny an application or approve it with conditions may be appealed to the planning commission; and
- (c) Upon approval of a Type II home occupation application, the director shall issue a preliminary notice of approval and provide notice of the same to the applicant and to property

owners within 300 feet of the property line of the proposed use. The decision shall be final within 20 days following the day of mailing of notice unless appealed to the planning commission.

(3) Appeals shall be made in accordance with SHMC 17.24.310(1) at a cost equal to 60 percent of the city's standard appeal fee.

17.120.070 Submission requirements for Type II home occupation applications.

An application for a Type II home occupation shall be made on forms provided by the director and shall be accompanied by:

- (1) One copy of the applicant's statement or narrative which explains how the proposal conforms to the approval criteria in SHMC 17.120.040 and 17.120.050;
 - (2) The required fee;
- (3) A site plan of the property drawn to scale with a north arrow indicated. The site plan shall show all major features of the property including buildings, major vegetation, access for public streets, sidewalks, any proposed exterior storage related to the home occupation per SHMC 17.120.040(13), etc.;
- (4) One floor plan of all structures on the property which are to be used for the home occupation(s);
 - (5) One title transfer instrument; and
 - (6) Property owner's signature(s) or written authorization.

17.120.080 Conditions applicable to Type II home occupation approvals.

The director may impose conditions upon the approval of a Type II home occupation permit to ensure the requirements of this chapter are complied with. These conditions may include, but are not limited to, the following:

[...]

- (13) Limiting the type and number of vehicles or equipment to be parked or stored on the site; and
- (14) Requirements to minimize public health and safety impacts of any hazardous materials used; and
- (14) (15) Any other limitations which the director considers to be necessary or desirable to make the use comply with the purposes stated in SHMC 17.120.040 and 17.120.050 this chapter.

[...]

CHAPTER 17.128 AUXILIARY DWELLING UNITS

Sections:

17.128.010 Purpose.

17.128.020 Applicability.

17.128.030 Design standards.

- 17.128.040 Addressing of auxiliary dwelling units.
- 17.128.050 Prohibited areas for auxiliary dwelling units.
- 17.128.060 Prohibited uses of auxiliary dwelling units.
- 17.128.070 Permit procedures for auxiliary dwelling units.

17.128.010 Purpose.

Auxiliary dwelling units are allowed in certain situations to:

- (1) Create new housing units while respecting the look and scale of single-dwelling neighborhoods;
- (2) Increase the housing stock of existing neighborhoods in a manner that is less intense than alternatives;
 - (3) Allow more efficient use of existing housing stock and infrastructure;
- (4) Provide a mix of housing that responds to changing household needs, sizes and compositions;
- (5) Provide a means for new homeowners to defray some of the costs associated with the purchase of a first home;
- (6) Provide a means for residents, particularly seniors, single parents, and families with grown children, to remain in their homes and neighborhoods and obtain extra income, security, companionship and services; and
 - (7) Provide a broader range of suitable and affordable housing; and
- (8) Create additional long-term family living situations, while avoiding the exploitation of this housing type through their use as short term living and other related business.

17.128.020 Applicability.

- (1) An auxiliary dwelling unit may be added to <u>or constructed or installed on the same lot or parcel as a house, attached house detached single-dwelling unit, or manufactured home (principal dwelling) in any zone where the existing principal use is permitted and where auxiliary dwelling unit is listed as a permitted use.</u>
- (2) Only one auxiliary dwelling unit is allowed per lot or parcel developed with a detached single-family dwelling or manufactured home (principal dwelling).

17.128.030 Design standards.

- (1) Standards for creating auxiliary dwelling units address the following purposes:
- (a) Ensure that auxiliary dwelling units are compatible with the desired character and livability of St. Helens residential zones;
- (b) Respect the general building scale and placement of structures to allow sharing of common space on the lot, such as driveways and yards;
- (c) Ensure that auxiliary dwelling units are smaller in size than houses, attached houses detached single-family dwellings, or manufactured homes;
- (d) Provide adequate flexibility to site buildings so that they fit the topography of sites; and
- (e) The design standards for auxiliary dwelling units are stated above herein. If not addressed in this section, the base zone development standards apply.

- (2) Requirements for All Auxiliary Dwelling Units. All auxiliary dwelling units must meet the following standards:
- (a) Creation. An auxiliary dwelling unit may only be created through the following methods:
- (i) Converting existing living area, attic, basement or <u>attached</u> garage <u>of the detached</u> <u>single-family dwelling or manufactured home</u>;
 - (ii) Adding floor area to the detached single-family dwelling or manufactured home;
 - (iii) Constructing a detached auxiliary dwelling unit on a developed site; or
- (iv) Constructing a new house, attached house detached single-family dwelling, or manufactured home with an internal or detached auxiliary dwelling unit; or
 - (v) Converting a lawfully existing accessory structure;
- (b) Entrances. Only one entrance to the house may be located on the front facade of the house, attached house detached single-family dwelling, or manufactured home facing the street, unless the house, attached house detached single-family dwelling, or manufactured home contained additional front door entrances before the conversion to an auxiliary dwelling unit was created. An exception to this regulation is entrances that do not have access from the ground, such as entrances from balconies or decks;
- (c) Owner-Occupancy. The owner of the property must occupy either the primary residence or the auxiliary dwelling unit;
- (d) Heated Floor Area. The heated floor area of the auxiliary dwelling shall be 100 percent of the floor area of the auxiliary dwelling unit;
- (e) (c) Parking. The parking requirements balance the need to provide adequate parking with maintaining the character of single-dwelling neighborhoods and reducing the amount of impervious surface on a site. More parking is required when a vacant lot is being developed because, generally, the site can more easily be designed to accommodate two parking spaces while minimizing impervious surface. In situations where an auxiliary dwelling unit is being added to a site with an existing dwelling unit, it is appropriate to not require additional impervious surface if adequate on-street parking is available:
 - (i) The following parking requirements apply to auxiliary dwelling units:
- (A) No Additional Parking Space Required. No additional parking space is required for the auxiliary dwelling unit if it is created on a site with an existing house, attached house detached single-family dwelling, or manufactured home and the roadway of at least one abutting street is at least 20 feet wide and allows on-street parking;
- (B) One Additional Parking Space Required. One additional <u>off-street</u> parking space is required for the auxiliary dwelling unit as follows:
 - 1. When none of the roadways in abutting streets are at least 20 feet wide; or
 - 2. When none of the abutting streets allow on-street parking; or
- 2. 3. When the auxiliary dwelling unit is created at the same time as the house, attached house detached single-family dwelling, or manufactured home. An auxiliary dwelling unit is considered created at the same time as the principle dwelling even if a permit per this Chapter is applied for within one year from the date of Certificate of Occupancy of the principal dwelling.
- (ii) When an additional off-street parking space is required it shall comply with the Development Code and shall be independently functional. Independently functional means the vehicle in the parking space is not dependent on another vehicle moving to get to the street from the parking space. For example, a two-vehicle garage with a garage door and driveway both 20'

in width, can only count as two parking spaces (not four), since the vehicles in the garage cannot get to the street without the ones in the driveway moving out of the way. In this instance, a new (additional) parking area would need to be created to the side of the garage or elsewhere while still complying with the Development Code (e.g., parking and access standards).

(f) Size.

- (i) Minimum Size. The size of the auxiliary dwelling unit may shall be no less than 220 square feet as allowed by the Building Code;
- (ii) Maximum Size. The size of the auxiliary dwelling unit may shall be no more than 30 75 percent of the living area of the house, attached house detached single-family dwelling, or manufactured home or 1,000 1,200 square feet, whichever is less. Living area means all areas subject to heat/air conditioning inclusive of walls. This does not include non-heated/non-air conditioned areas including but not limited to porches, garages, carports, balconies, hot tub/pool enclosure/rooms, etc.
- (iii) Building Height. The maximum building height of a detached auxiliary dwelling unit shall not exceed the height allowed by the zoning district or the height of the detached single-family dwelling or manufactured home, whichever is less. This provision does not apply when converting a lawfully existing accessory structure in its entirety or a portion thereof to an auxiliary dwelling unit provided the conversion does not increase the accessory structure's footprint or height.
- (3) Additional requirements for detached auxiliary dwelling units or for auxiliary dwelling units created through the addition of floor area to the detached single-family dwelling or manufactured home:
- (a) Exterior Finish Materials. The exterior finish material must be the same, or visually match in type, size and placement, the exterior finish material of the house, attached house, detached single-family dwelling or manufactured home;
- (b) Roof Pitch. The roof pitch must be the same as the predominant roof pitch of the house, attached house, detached single-family dwelling or manufactured home;
- (c) Trim. Trim on edges of elements on the addition or detached unit must be the same in type, size, and location as the trim used on the rest of the house, attached house, detached single-family dwelling or manufactured home;
- (d) Windows. Windows must match those in the house, attached house, detached single-family dwelling or manufactured home in proportion (relationship of width to height) and orientation (horizontal or vertical);
- (e) Eaves. Eaves must project from the building walls the same distance as the eaves on the rest of the house, attached house, detached single-family dwelling or manufactured home;
- (f) Setbacks. The auxiliary dwelling unit must meet the same setback requirements as principal dwelling units in the zone or as otherwise allowed by the Development Code; and
- (g) Lot Coverage. The detached auxiliary dwelling unit may not have a larger footprint than the footprint of the house, attached house, detached single-family dwelling or manufactured home, and the combined footprint of all detached structures may shall not exceed the lot coverage restriction of the zone or as otherwise allowed by the Development Code.
- (h) The provisions of SHMC 17.128.030(3)(a) (f) do not apply when converting a lawfully existing accessory structure in its entirety or a portion thereof to an auxiliary dwelling unit provided the conversion does not increase the accessory structure's footprint or height.

17.128.040 Addressing of auxiliary dwelling units.

- (1) Auxiliary dwelling units shall use the same address number as the principle dwelling, but with a unit or similar number. For example, an auxiliary dwelling unit for a principal dwelling addressed as 101 Anystreet, would have an address of 101B Anystreet.
- (2) The applicant for or the owner of the auxiliary dwelling unit shall coordinate with the Postmaster for its mailbox location.

17.128.050 Prohibited areas for auxiliary dwelling units.

- (1) In addition to zoning regulations, auxiliary dwelling units are prohibited in the following areas:
 - (a) Resource or resources per Chapter 17.40 SHMC;
 - (b) Protection zones per Chapter 17.40 SHMC; and
 - (c) Area of special flood hazard per Chapter 17.46 SHMC.

17.128.060 Prohibited uses of auxiliary dwelling units.

- (1) Given the purpose of auxiliary dwelling units per SHMC 17.128.010 and because they are not considered principal uses, the following uses are prohibited for them:
 - (a) Short-term rentals;
 - (b) bed and breakfast, homestay, boarding house; and
 - (c) lodging facilities or rooming house.
- (2) Home occupations may be allowed in auxiliary dwelling units given compliance with Chapter 17.120 SHMC.

17.128.070 Permit procedures for auxiliary dwelling units.

Notice and process for auxiliary dwelling units shall follow the same as for site development review, major, except for criteria and standards, which shall comply with this Chapter.

CITY OF ST. HELENS PLANNING DEPARTMENT FINDINGS OF FACT AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

Development Code Amendments ZA.1.18

APPLICANT: City of St. Helens

LOCATION: Citywide

PROPOSAL: Text Amendments to the Development Code related to auxiliary dwelling units,

home occupations, and significant wetland and riparian area upland protection

zones

The 120-day rule (ORS 227.178) for final action for this land use decision is not applicable.

PUBLIC HEARING & NOTICE

Hearing dates are as follows: July 10, 2018 before the Planning Commission and August 15, 2018 before the City Council.

Notice was published in the <u>The Chronicle</u> on June 27, 2018. Notice was sent to the Oregon Department of Land Conservation and Development (DLCD) on June 1, 2018. Notice was sent to agencies by mail or e-mail on June 21, 2018.

APPLICABLE CRITERIA, ANALYSIS & FINDINGS

SHMC 17.20.120(1) - Standards for Legislative Decision

The recommendation by the commission and the decision by the council shall be based on consideration of the following factors:

- (a) The statewide planning goals and guidelines adopted under ORS Chapter 197;
 - (b) Any federal or state statutes or guidelines found applicable;
- (c) The applicable comprehensive plan policies, procedures, appendices and maps; and
 - (d) The applicable provisions of the implementing ordinances.
- (a) **Discussion:** This criterion requires analysis of the applicable statewide planning goals. The applicable goals in this case are Goal 1, Goal 2, Goal 5, and Goal 10.

Statewide Planning Goal 1: Citizen Involvement.

Goal 1 requires the development of a citizen involvement program that is widespread, allows two-way communication, provides for citizen involvement through all planning phases, and is understandable, responsive, and funded.

Generally, Goal 1 is satisfied when a local government follows the public involvement procedures set out in the statutes and in its acknowledged comprehensive plan and land use regulations.

The City's Development Code is consistent with State law with regards to notification requirements. Pursuant to SHMC 17.20.080 at least one public hearing before the Planning Commission and City Council is required. Legal notice in a newspaper of general circulation is required too. The City has met these requirements and notified DLCD of the proposal. In addition, the City has sent notice to property owners potentially impacted by the proposed changes in land uses allowed on property as required by ORS 227.186.

Given the public vetting for the plan, scheduled public hearings, and notice provided, Goal 1 is satisfied.

Statewide Planning Goal 2: Land Use Planning

This goal requires that a land use planning process and policy framework be established as a basis for all decisions and actions relating to the use of land. All local governments and state agencies involved in the land use action must coordinate with each other. City, county, state and federal agency and special districts plans and actions related to land use must be consistent with the comprehensive plans of cities and counties and regional plans adopted under Oregon Revised Statues (ORS) Chapter 268.

The City and State (i.e., DLCD) coordinated with regard to the adoption of this proposal. The City notified DLCD as required by state law prior to the public hearings to consider the proposal.

There are no known federal or regional documents that apply to this proposal.

Comprehensive Plan consistency is addressed further below.

Given the inclusion of local, state, regional and federal documents, laws, participation and opportunity for feedback as applicable, Goal 2 is satisfied

Statewide Planning Goal 5: Natural Resources, Scenic and Historic Areas, and Open Spaces
This goal is about protecting natural resources and conserving scenic and historic areas
and open spaces to promote a healthy environment and natural landscape that contributes
to Oregon's livability. It requires that riparian corridors and wetlands are inventoried and
protected.

The City maintains an inventory of riparian corridors and wetlands and plans for their protection with upland protection zones. Significant wetlands and riparian areas will still be protected with a reduced upland protection zone. Reduction of the protection zone is desired by the Council to reduce the barriers to economic development.

In order to find that the proposal complies with Goal 5, the City must reexamine why it adopted the rules it did. To start see ORD No. 2890 (the ORD that adopted the City's wetland and riparian area protection regulations).

The City adopted its riparian regulations based on the "safe harbor" provisions of OAR 660-023-0090. The OAR references a 75' upland protection area for streams with a flow greater

than 1,000 cubic feet per second and a 50' upland protection area for streams with less flow. This is directly reflected in SHMC 17.40.015. We can't reduce the 75' requirement unless the city explores the "safe harbor alternative" as provided in said OAR.

The wetland protection regulations are based on the ESEE process in OAR-023-0040. The city considered much for its existing rules as detailed in said ORD No. 2890. Finding No. 8 lists the ESEE issues. Note finding 8.n, which provides basis for having 50' / 75' wide protection zones for wetlands. In order to change this, the City would have to go through an entire new process to adopt new findings. Note that Ordinance No. 2890 states that "the Planning Commission has spent over two years developing a Significant Wetland/Riparian Corridor Protection Plan and implementing ordinances." It appears care was taken at this time to adopt the most appropriate rules for the City.

This proposal does not conflict with the state and federal regulations for the protection natural resources given compliance as noted above. Goal 5 is not satisfied without a complete reanalysis and findings to replace that of ORD No. 2890, at the least.

As such, no changes pertaining to the City's wetland and riparian areas are proposed.

Statewide Planning Goal 10: Housing

This goal is about meeting the housing needs of citizens of the state. Buildable lands for residential use shall be inventoried and plans shall encourage the availability of adequate numbers of needed housing units at price ranges and rent levels which are commensurate with the financial capabilities of Oregon households and allow for flexibility of housing location, type and density.

With the passage of Senate Bill 1051 (referenced in more detail below), the State (and DLCD) have been an advocate in developing best practices for the provisions of ADUs. This is because ADUs can provide additional housing at a greater density and for a lower cost than traditional development. In order to help meet the housing needs of the City and of the State, the City is proposing to change the ADU permitting process to more closely align with the recommended best practices.

Finding: The proposed Development Code amendments further the statewide planning goals.

(b) Discussion: This criterion requires analysis of any applicable federal or state statutes or guidelines in regards to the Development Code amendments.

On August 15, 2017, Senate Bill 1051 was signed into law. Among the provisions, it stated:

A city with a population greater than 2,500 or a county with a population greater than 15,000 shall allow in areas zoned for detached single-family dwellings the development of at least one accessory dwelling unit for each detached single-family dwelling, subject to reasonable local regulations related to siting and design.

Note: An accessory dwelling unit is the same as an auxiliary dwelling unit for the purposes of our Development Code.

Though our current rules may comply with SB 1051, they do not meet the current best practices for such. Therefore, our rules could be seen as "unreasonable", especially compared to other jurisdictions that are addressing SB 1051, including the City of Scappoose.

Finding: The proposed amendments will help the City comply with the known federal and state statutes in regards to the Development Code changes.

(c) Discussion: This criterion requires analysis of applicable comprehensive plan policies, procedures, appendices and maps. For the ADU amendments, the applicable goals and policies are:

19.08.050 Housing goals and policies.

- (1) Preface. Residents of the city of St. Helens are demographically in different stages of socioeconomics. As such, they vary in their family sizes, economic capabilities and interests and will desire different types of housing. The strategy is to ensure that sufficient lands are designated for those different phases and desires of current and future residents and to encourage policies and decisions to allow all residents the ability to find affordable housing.
- (2) Goals.
 - (a) To promote safe, adequate, and affordable housing for all current and future members of the community.
 - (b) To locate housing so that it is fully integrated with land use, transportation and public facilities as set forth in the Comprehensive Plan.
- (3) Policies. It is the policy of the city of St. Helens to:
 - (a) Maintain adequate development and building codes to achieve the city's housing goals.
 - (b) Encourage the distribution of low income and/or multifamily housing throughout the city rather than limiting them to a few large concentrations. [...]
 - (h) Encourage energy-efficient housing patterns in residential developments.

19.12.020 General residential category goals and policies.

- (1) Goals. To create conditions suitable for higher concentrations of people in proximity to public services, shopping, transportation and other conveniences.
- (2) Policies. It is the policy of the city of St. Helens to:
 - (a) Require undeveloped public ways of record to be improved to applicable city standards as a condition to the issuance of building permits for lots that front these ways.
 - (b) Encourage the infilling of areas presently undeveloped due to topographical limitations to achieve a more efficient use of the land.
 - (c) Allow for the convenient location of grocery stores by the conditional use process.

- (d) Develop rules for multifamily dwellings which are consistent with housing policies.
- (e) Designate general residential lands as R-5, General Residential or AR, Apartment Residential on the city zoning map.

19.12.030 Suburban residential category goals and policies.

- (1) Goals. To establish conditions which will maintain attractive, convenient residential living typical of moderate density semi-suburban areas.
- (2) Policies. It is the policy of the city of St. Helens to:
 - (a) Allow for the convenient location of grocery stores by the conditional use process.
 - (b) Permit a degree of flexibility in residential site design and a mixture of housing, including multi-dwelling units, through the planned development procedures.
 - (c) Promote the development of homesites at a density and standard consistent with: the level of services that can reasonably be provided and the characteristics of the natural environment.
 - (d) Review diligently all subdivision plats in the suburban residential category to ensure the establishment of a safe and efficient road system.
 - (e) Designate suburban residential lands as R-7, Moderate Residential, or R-10, Suburban Residential, on the city zoning map.

The ADU text amendments support the Comprehensive Plan's housing policy of providing a range of affordable housing options for residents who are in demographically different stages of socioeconomics. Because ADUs are smaller and typically cost less to develop, the text amendments also support the wider distribution of lower cost housing, rather that limited them to a few concentrated areas. Both of the residential comprehensive plan designations support the additional density and efficient infill development that ADUs offer, as long as the development is consistent with the level of services that can be reasonably provided and consistent with the characteristics of the natural environment. The amendments to allow for ADUs will not change the underlying zoning requirements related to lot coverage, setbacks, landscaping, and density.

For the Home Occupation text amendments, the applicable goals and policies are:

19.08.020 Economic goals and policies.

[...]

(2) Goals.

- (a) To maintain favorable conditions for a growing, healthy, stable and diversified business and industrial climate.
- (b) To encourage the expansion of employment opportunities within the urban area so residents can work within their communities rather than commute to jobs outside the county.
- (c) To promote industrial development necessary to provide a balanced tax base for the operation of local government services.
- (d) To establish greater local control over the destiny of the local economic development.

The text amendments related to Home Occupations will remove a permit for businesses that essentially have no outward indication that a business is being operated out of the residence. This will encourage local employment for residents within the City, reducing the number of commuters and encouraging growth in the number of small businesses in the community.

19.08.060 Natural factors and local resources goals and policies.

[...]

- (2) Goals.
 - (a) To maintain and, where possible, enhance the air, water, and land resources of the St. Helens area.

[...]

- (d) To ensure the conservation of substantial fish and wildlife habitats.
- (e) To preserve open spaces within and between urban living areas.
- (f) To encourage the protection of the forest area within the urban growth boundary.
- (g) To preserve for the public benefit outstanding scenic areas.
- (3) Policies. It is the policy of the city of St. Helens to:
 - (a) Participate in resource management planning through participation in collective federal, state, and regional agency planning programs.

[...]

- (f) Encourage the preservation, restoration, and functionality of the open space corridors or rezone to open space zone the following lands:
 - (i) The canyon area adjoining Godfrey Park.
 - (ii) The unimproved gullies and creekbed systems.
 - (iii) The lands along significant riparian corridors and connecting wetlands.

Finding: Goal 5 analysis is necessary to amend the City's wetland and riparian regulation pertaining to protection zones. As this analysis has not been done as part of these amendments, the City cannot change these provisions at this time.

(d) Discussion: This criterion requires analysis of the applicable provisions of the implementing ordinances.

Finding: The proposal modifies the Development Code but findings as to other applicable implementing ordinances are not necessary.

CONCLUSION & DECISION

Based upon the facts and findings herein, the City Council approves the proposed text amendments to the Development Code.

Rick Scholl, Mayor

Date